Since the beginning of the Brock DNA project some participants have proved the sharing of a common ancestor between descendants of Jesse Brock and descendants of Elder George Brock. Using the DNA and the genealogies involved, it is now possible to narrow our research in looking for Jesse Brock's ancestry to a specific group of Brocks. This researcher offers the following theory by combining genetic genealogy with documented records, along with a minimal of oral history. Also used to assist in this compilation were early Virginia maps and county formation maps to pinpoint areas these Brocks lived per documented records. There is much more research to do and this by no means should be taken as fact. As stated previously, this is a theory.

Per the interview of Elijah Brock (1862-1939), great grandson of Jesse Brock, by Annie Walker Burns, "Jesse Brock was the first white settler on Wallins Creek Kentucky. He was about a three-quarter Indian, and had so much Indian blood in him, that he had no trouble in living among the Indians who were thickly settled in the mountains when he first came, raised his family among them, hunted along with them, with no trouble whatever." For several years Jesse's father has been said to be Aaron Brock. There has been no primary document to support this claim. Elijah did not name Jesse's father. The earliest mention claiming Aaron Brock was during the 1960's. A book titled "Strong Family of Kentucky", by Mrs. J.C. Hurst, circa 1958, states "Mahalah was a daughter of Aaron Brock and a sister of Jesse Brock". In June of 1968 a Loren Davidson posted a query in The East Kentuckian stating "Jesse and sister Mahala were children of Aaron Brock (ca 1721-1820)". Neither gives supporting evidence of their claims and it appears the naming of Aaron Brock as Jesse’s father has been perpetuated because of them. Some pre-internet Brock researchers say the attachment of Red Bird to Aaron was first rumored in the 1970's. The story escalated around 1980 and took on a new phase of naming a Reuben Brock, a colonial soldier, as the father of Aaron Brock. Still, no evidence was given to support this claim and sources to its beginnings are long forgotten.

A descendant of Jesse Brock has a 67/67 Y-DNA match with a descendant of Elder George Brock. A match of this proportion proves the sharing of a common ancestor 98.96% within 8 generations and 99.89% within 12 generations. Much is known about the Elder George Brocks line. Per family history and from researchers who have documented this line and not relied on hearsay, Elder George Brock was the son of Banner Brock who died during the War of 1812. Banner's parents were Allen Brock and Lydia Reece. Allen’s father is claimed to be Capt. John Brock, born 1728 VA, who is believed to be the son of Joshua born 1703 St. Peter's Parish, New Kent Co., VA. There are others however who claim Allen was the son of a George Brock. Allen’s parentage will be discussed in more detail later, but for now we will go on the premise that Allen was the son of Captain John Brock.

If the statements made by Elijah Brock are accurate in that Jesse had Indian blood in him and then factoring in the Y-DNA match between the Jesse Brock and
George Brock descendants, and knowing the extended genealogy of George, it would appear any Native American ancestry in Jesse came in through his maternal side. At this point I must interject that mtDNA test results for descendants of Mary Polly Brock Osborne, sister of Jesse Brock, has not shown Native American ancestry. In order for Native American ancestry to be proved through Y-DNA and mtDNA test, the direct male and female ancestor must be Native American. With descendants of Mary Polly Brock not showing a Native American haplogroup, any Native American ancestry had to arrive within the line other than through the direct male or female ancestor. I must also include that the descendants of Jesse Brock who have taken a DNA Print (Autosomal DNA), have proved a percentage of Native American ancestry. Although there is no way of knowing where the Native American ancestry arrived, it does appear to give credence to the statement made by Elijah Brock.

Using the 3/4 statement of Elijah, which by all means cannot be taken literally, but at least be a starting point, Jesse’s grandfather could have been a white man who married a Native American and raised his children with her people. This would account for the reason we have not been able to find any records pertaining to Jesse’s lineage.

With this in mind, then consider the line of Elder George Brock, with whom Jesse’s descendants have an exact DNA match. George’s father was Banner Brock, the son of Allen Brock born in 1750. Allen was born just one year before Jesse, placing them in the same generation. Aaron, unconfirmed father of Jesse, has been suggested to be born in 1720. Going by the premise stated earlier, Allen Brock’s claimed father was Capt. John Brock, born about 1728. This places Capt. John Brock and Jesse’s father in the same generation. Joshua Brock, born 1703 New Kent Co. VA, is said to be father of Capt. John, which respectively would be of the same generation as Jesse’s grandfather. Joshua’s father was George Brock born about 1680. In theory, this would make the 1680 George Brock the shared common ancestor between the Jesse and Elder George Brock descendants.

When this researcher originally began working on the theory stated within this document much dependency was placed on the research of others for the ancestry of Allen Brock. Recent research has uncovered information that suggests the Allen Brock who was the grandfather of Captain John Brock of Laurel County Kentucky was not a descendant of Joshua Brock. From all appearances there were two Allen Brock’s of similar age; one being from the line of Joshua Brock, the other from the line of George Brock Junior. Regardless of which, the generational lines stated above would remain the same, only the names would change.

The following takes a closer look at the 1680 George Brock, referred to as George Brock Senior throughout the remainder of this document, and his descendants. In doing this we will also begin to see a correlation between Jesse Brock and George Brock’s descendants.

The first record of George Brock Sr. can be found in St. Peter’s Parish, New Kent Co., Virginia at the baptism of his son Joshua on 3 July 1703. In 1704 St. Peter’s Parish was divided and the upper, or northwest, portion became St. Paul’s Parish. George’s land was processioned in St. Paul’s Parish in 1711 and 1715. On the 11th of July 1719, George Brock (Sr.) was granted land for transporting six men in the amount of 300 acres on the west branch of
Stonehorse Creek, with an adjoining line to John Symes/Sims in St. Paul’s Parish, New Kent Co., Virginia.\(^5\) In the following year of 1720 Hanover County was formed from New Kent County. George Brock’s land on Stonehorse Creek was in the area of New Kent that became Hanover County. On March 24, 1725, a grant was given to a John Black and having adjoining lines to George Brock and John Symes in Hanover County.\(^7\) In 1728 Goochland County was formed from Henrico Co. and adjoined Hanover Co. on its eastern border. During the 1730’s and 1740’s two George Brock’s (Senior and Junior) were located in Goochland, along with Joshua Brock. In reviewing the records available for George Brock (Sr.) in Goochland we find the following: July 12, 1742, George Brock of St. James Parish\(^8\) of Goochland County, purchased land for 7 pounds from James Owens of St. James Parish of Goochland County, containing 162.5 acres on the east branches of the Wilde Boar Creek, bounded by Charles Christian, and having beginning boundaries within the Hanover County line.\(^9\) In 1741 George Brock witnessed a deed for land on Lickinghole Creek.\(^10\) Wilde Boar Creek, where George Brock purchased land in 1742, runs off of Lickinghole, which runs from the James River in Goochland County and meanders toward the South Anna River in Hanover County. East of Lickinghole is Stone Horse Creek, which runs from the South Anna in Hanover County,\(^11\) where George Brock Sr. was granted land in 1719. On the 3rd of February 1748/9 (as written on deed), George Brock, jointly with Thomas Bibey Sr., sold the land on Wilde Boar Creek to Humphrey Parrish Sr.\(^12\) George Brock was listed as living in Albemarle County and signed the deed with his mark in two places. One mark was written as G&B, the other as gB. As noted in the deed of 1748/9, George Brock (Sr.) had migrated to Albemarle County where on August 20, 1748 he received a land grant of 95 acres lying on both sides of Bremo Creek,\(^13\) adjoining the line of John Payne\(^14\) for 10 shillings. Bremo Creek ran from the Fluvanna River, which was near the later boundary line that divided the counties of Albemarle and Cumberland. Just to the east, the Fluvanna and James River meet where the Rivanna River runs off of the James River and divides Albemarle from Goochland. The James and Rivanna River areas were home to the Monacan Indians in the early 1600’s; also the Tutelo and Saponi had villages in this area.\(^15\)

The will of a George Brock (Sr.) was written on Sept 11, 1751 and probated on Feb 11, 1752 in Albemarle Co. VA.\(^16\) Only two family members were listed “I give & bequeath my loven Grandson John Brock son of George Brock Junr my plantation of ninety five acres of land four head of cattle”. This is the same land granted to George (Sr.) in 1748. Also mentioned in the will was a John Melton “the rest of my estate of what nature of quality so ever I give & bequeath to my loven friend John Melton\(^17\) in consideration of his care of me during my life”. George Brock signed with his mark gB. This is the same mark used on the 1748 deed and gives evidence supporting George Brock (Sr.) as being the same George Brock who lived in St. James Parish in Goochland Co. where he purchased land on Wilde Boar and upon selling this land was listed as then living in Albemarle County. The land John Brock was bequeathed is the same land granted to George Brock (Sr.) in 1748 on Bremo Creek.

From George Senior’s will, we now know he had a son named George Junior and that George Junior had a son named John Brock. Little is known about John Brock, son of George Junior. On Dec 8, 1761, John Brock and wife Juda, sold the 95 acres he had inherited from his grandfather to a George Brock.\(^18\) A witness for this deed was also a George Brock who signed with his mark (X). I suspect the witness George was George Brock Junior, John’s father. It would seem likely the third George Brock (here after referred to as George Brock III) who purchased the land was related as well and possibly a brother to John.
Brock. The signing of John Brock’s wife Juda on the 1761 deed aids in identifying the previous locations of George Brock Junior. John Brock and Judah Walker were married on Feb 2, 1754 in Goochland Co., Virginia. In 1746 and 1748 a George Brock is listed with 3 tithables in Southam Parish of Goochland County. The listing of a George Brock on the Southam Parish tithe list distinguishes George Brock Junior from George Brock Senior as it shows George Junior was in Southam Parish, whereas prior evidence has shown George Senior lived in St. James Parish during 1742 and Albemarle County in 1748. An additional accounting of George Senior, not seen by this researching, claims George received a grant in 1744 Albemarle County. If accurate would show George Senior had been in Albemarle at least two years prior to the 1746 Southam Parish tax list. Males 16 and over were tithable, which gives evidence George Junior and two sons were tithed. From this we can calculate George Brock (Jr.) had two sons born 1730 or earlier. From the year of John’s marriage we can estimate he was of the right age to be one of the tithables listed with George (Jr.) and was his son, as proven by the will of George Senior. The three tithables in George Brock Junior’s household also gives credence to third George Brock being a son as well.

The George Brock in Goochland County, now giving evidence of being George Brock Jr., who was listed in Southam Parish in 1746 and 1748, is of particular interest. Southam Parish was located on the south side of the James River, in the part of Goochland County that was formed into Cumberland County in 1749. Per Cumberland County court orders a George Brock was in Cumberland County 1750-1756; 26 Nov 1750: George Brock in the case of William Gray against George Brock; William Gray against George Brock, case continued on 31 Jan 1750/1; case continued 27 May 1751, to 26 Aug 1751; 30 May 1753 - John Ford, Extor &c of Hezekiah Ford, decd, against Josiah Burton, George Brock & Henry Hatcher for a Debt, Dismis'd; 22 May 1756 - same case, defendants are said not to be in the county.

From the evidence given thus far, George Brock Sr. had at least two sons, Joshua Brock, born 1703 and George Brock Junior, born 1710 earlier. After the birth of Joshua the earliest records located for him to date were found in Goochland County. Per Goochland County Court Orders: May 1732, in the action of trespass on the case between John Wilson plaintiff against Joshua Brock defendant the “sheriff made report that defendant not found and his failing to appear an alias corpus is awarded plaintiff against him”; June 1732, action of trespass on the case between John Wilson against Joshua Brock defendant is dismissed. (Note: George Brock is also listed in the court records during this time frame: April 1733, petition of William Mayo against George Brock deft.) By the statement in the 1732 case of “defendant not found” could indicate Joshua had left the county. If so, Joshua’s children would have been young in age and traveled with him. The next record located for Joshua was in 1748 Lunenburg County where he is listed as a tithe from the Mouth of Falling River Upwards in 1748. During the year of 1752 Halifax was formed from Lunenburg and in 1753 Bedford County was formed from Lunenburg. Falling River fell in Bedford County, however, the mouth of Falling River fell on the boundary line of Halifax and Bedford. For reasons not stated Joshua Brock received money from Antrim Parish in Halifax County in 1761. Joshua Brock is said to have had at least two sons, George Brock, born 1726 and John Brock, born 1728. In reviewing the early Lunenburg County Virginia records the names of Joshua Brock, John Brock, George Brock and an Elias Brock appear in records. In the year of 1749, an Elias Brock appears on the Lunenburg tax list taken by William Caldwell from Falling River to Little Roanoke River.
This places Elias in close proximity of Joshua just one year later and could be an indication of relatedness. This Elias Brock was a colonial soldier who was granted 100 acres of land in 1787 for his military service. This land was on Pitman Creek in Lincoln Co. (present day Pulaski Co.) Kentucky. In the year of 1750, a Stapleton deed mentions land with a beginning at George Brock’s corner and in 1763 a deed of between William Gentry and Allen Gentry states the land as being on Merrin (Meherrin) River at mouth of John Brock’s spring branch. During the year of 1764 Charlotte County was formed from Lunenburg. A George Brock is listed on page 9 of “Index to Abstracts of Charlotte County, Virginia Will Book 2 1791-1805”, published 1991 by Bel Wise (information regarding entry is unknown at this time). The George and John Brock in Lunenburg could be the first records currently found for Joshua’s reported sons. Additional research needs to be done to assist in determining this more thoroughly.

Joshua’s early departure to southern Virginia suggests Jesse Brock was not a direct descendant of his as Joshua and family had migrated prior to Jesse’s birth. Per Jesse Brocks pension application in 1833 Harlan County, Jesse stated he was born in Cumberland County in 1751. In considering the information on George Brock Jr., we can now place this George in the right place and time frame to have a possible kinship with Jesse Brock. Based on the theory discussed earlier, this researcher believes this George Brock to be a strong candidate for the grandfather of Jesse Brock.

Only a minimal amount of records have been obtained for the Brocks who remained in the area of Albemarle and Fluvanna counties in northern Virginia. Three years after George Brock III purchased the land on Bremo Creek he was involved in a court case on 9 Aug 1764, George Brock of St. Anne’s Parish Albemarle Co., to Saml Jordan, Factor for Archd. Ingram, George Kippen, & Co. Merchts. in Glasgow, Mortgage plus interest for the land on Bremo Creek. In another court case in 1773 involving George Brock in conjunction with the suit brought against him by Samuel Jordan, it was ordered that George Brock was to be arrested. In July of 1777 Fluvanna County was formed from Albemarle and the land on Bremo Creek was in the section of Albemarle that became Fluvanna. On March 24th 1779 George Brock III sold this land to Fisher Rice Bennett. A witness to this deed was John Melton. It is very possible this was either the same John Melton mentioned in the will of George Brock Senior, or his son who was also named John.

Shortly after the July 1777 formation of Fluvanna County a group of residents signed a petition asking that the county be dissolved. This petition was followed by another asking that the newly formed county not be dissolved. There were several inhabitants of Fluvanna who signed the petition that are of special interest: Mecajah (Micajah) Brock, Allen Brock, George Breck (Brock), John Melton, Pearce Melton and Richard Bennett, all of which signed the petition with their signature. Micajah Brock has long been said to be the son of George Brock. The proving of Micajah Brock living in the same county as George Brock gives evidence to support that claim. However, the George Brock who is claimed to be Micajah’s father is also claimed to be the son of Joshua, brother of George Junior. This is not supported by the 1777 petition placing Micajah in Fluvanna County which would instead indicate he was of the line of George Junior. The evidence placing Micajah Brock and Allen Brock together gives the same indication for Allen as well. There are two more records pertaining to the Allen Brock that was in Fluvanna County. On December 2nd 1778 Allen Brock purchased 100.5 acres, with an adjoining line to Humphrey’s,
On September 2, 1779, Allen Brock (of Fluvanna County) sold this land to Michael Perkins of Louisa County.

The Allen Brock of Fluvanna County is of great importance as it gives evidence he was not the son of John Brock, son of Joshua, as reported by some. John Brock and family can be located as early as 1773 in Pittsylvania County when John Brock and Elisha Estes witnessed a deed for David Kirby. The following year John and his son John Brock Junior are listed on the Henry County tax list. Henry County was formed from Pittsylvania County in 1777 and records indicate John and his family lived in the area that became Henry County. John and Sherwood (Sherod) Brock signed an oath of allegiance in Henry County about 1777/1778. John Brock Junior wrote his will in 1784 Henry County naming his father John and brother Sherod; his will was witnessed by an Allen Brock. This was the second incidence of an Allen Brock in association with Henry County. The first came in the winter of 1776/1777 when an Allen and Jesse Brock were listed on the service rolls of a militia unit commanded by Captain Jonathan Hanby located at Fort Liberty. Jonathan Hanby was nominated militia officer in Pittsylvania County in 1775. After the formation of Henry County his company was affiliated with that county. An Allen Brock signing the will of John Brock Junior suggests a relationship.

To determine which Allen Brock was the grandfather of Elder George Brock we must examine the records pertaining to Captain John Brock, uncle of Elder George Brock and brother of Banner Brock, whose birth information is known with surety. At the time of Captain John Brock’s second marriage in 1852 Laurel Co. KY to Mary Brummett, John Brock listed his age as 76 and as being born in Louisa Co. VA. At the taking of the 1850 Laurel Co. KY census, John Brock gives his age as 72. This places John as being born between 1776 and 1778 in Louisa Co. VA. The Allen Brock showing evidence of living in Henry County as a soldier in Hanby’s Henry County militia in 1776/1777 was far removed from Louisa County. Because of his location it is unlikely that he could have been the father of Captain John Brock. We must then look at the other Allen Brock that was located in Fluvanna Co. VA from at least 1777 to 1779.

As shown previously, an Allen Brock signed the petition in the newly formed county of Fluvanna in 1777. In 1778 Allen Brock, noted as living in Fluvanna County, purchased land from Randolph Watson that had an adjoining line to a Humphrey. This deed stated Allen was already in possession of the land. In 1779 Allen Brock, still listed as living in Fluvanna County, sold this land to a Michael Perkins. No waterways or roads were listed in these deeds to help determine its location more fully. The only information to aid in determining this more closely is with the clues of the names of Randolph Watson and Humphrey. In a search for deeds regarding Randolph Watson and a Humphrey together, one deed for a David Humphrey in association with Randolph Watson was found. The land this deed concerned was for a David Humphrey and noted an adjoining line to Randolph Watson, Henry Taylor, William Lovell and others. This land was located on Byrd Creek with portions lying in both Albemarle (later Fluvanna) and Louisa counties. Searching further for evidence of the land Randolph Watson sold to Allen Brock, three other deeds were found for Randolph Watson. Of special interest is a 1774 deed for 400 acres of land that Randolph Watson purchased that was also located in both Louisa and Albemarle counties and lying south of Three Notched Road. The two other deeds for Randolph Watson gives the appearance Watson was selling tracts of the 400 acres he purchased in 1774: 1779 Randolph Watson to John Saunders, 100
acres in the counties of Fluvanna and Louisa on the branches of the creek bounded by Charles Clarke, John May, Henry Taylor and Trimmurs; 1779 Randolph Watson to Charles Clarke, of 121.25 acres of land in the counties of Fluvanna and Louisa on the waters of the Byrd Creek and bounded by Trimer, Merodith, May and the county line. In reviewing other deeds from the Louisa Co. Survey Book one deed for a Stephen Hunter places Byrd Creek near Three Notched Road, (168a on the waters of the Byrd and Rocky Creek & both sides the Three Notched Road.............in Louisa/Fluvanna Co Line). The areas of Byrd Creek and Three Notched Road listed in these deeds were originally in Louisa and Albemarle County. After the formation of Fluvanna in 1777 this area was then placed into Louisa and Fluvanna counties ("North of this section of the Three Notched Road (Route No. 653) the county line follows a straight line, but the road passes over into Louisa County until it swings back across the line into Fluvanna") These deeds give every indication that the land Allen bought and sold in Fluvanna County was located near the Fluvanna/Louisa county border; which places this Allen Brock to be in the right place in time to be the father of Captain John Brock, uncle of Elder George Brock and a brother to Banner Brock. This evidence also presents a very strong case that Allen Brock was the grandson of George Brock Junior and the son of George Brock III, or possibly even his brother John Brock.

As stated earlier, evidence has proven George Junior had a son John, who married Judah Walker, and from all appearances a son George (III), both born prior to 1730. By 1780 most, if not all, of George Brock Junior’s family had migrated to the southern portion of Virginia where they intermingled with the family of Joshua Brock. The southern counties George Senior’s descendants lived in included Henry, Franklin, Bedford, Lunenburg and Pittsylvania in Virginia and the bordering counties of Guilford and Surry in North Carolina. With the usage of common first names it is difficult to discern between the families of George Junior and Joshua. Researchers who have delved into these lines previously have made a separation between the two. These researchers claim Joshua had two sons, one named George and the other named John Brock, referred to as Capt. John Brock by many. Joshua’s son John is claimed to have had children: Joshua, born 1746, married Lucy Kirby; Sherod, born 1748, died 1815 Campbell Co. TN; John, born about 1750, died 1784 Franklin Co. VA and Allen, born 1750. Some of John’s children can be found in records together which aids in identifying them. These records include those of Surry Co. NC showing John (most likely the father), Sherod and Allen there as early as 1773 and as late as the 1790’s. The lone exception is with John’s son John, who died in 1784 Henry County and left his will naming his father John, brother Sherod (as executor) and was witnessed by Allen Brock. I must reiterate that the Allen claimed to be the son of John is also said to be the father of Captain John Brock born 1776-1778 discussed previously. As John’s son Allen was listed as early as 1773 in Surry Co. NC it seems doubtful that he could have been the father of Captain John Brock (b. 1776-1778 Louisa Co. VA); leaving the most likely candidate, as evidenced previously, the Allen Brock who remained in northern Virginia.

As for the George Brock who is reported to be Joshua’s son, he is said to have had children: Elijah (surety for the marriage of Moses Brock to Susannah Dyer); Moses, born 1755; Micajah, born 1760; Benjamin, born 1762; Jeremiah, born 1765 and George, born 1777 and daughters, Catherine, born 1744, married Charles Burnett and Susanna, born 1772, married Moses Lesser 1792 Franklin. With the new evidence placing Micajah in Fluvanna County, this indicates he was most likely a descendant of George Junior and not Joshua. The same is
also true for Catherine who married Charles Burnett, reportedly in 1765 Albemarle County. By Micajah and Catherine showing evidence they were the grandchildren of George Junior and not Joshua, it is possible that others who had been attached to Joshua's claimed son George could instead be from the line of George Brock Junior. As in the case of Moses Brock who appears to have had a close relationship with Catherine Brock. Separating the later Brock branches more definitively will be a long an arduous task. For now we must take satisfaction in just knowing they are the descendants of George Brock Senior.

In the following chronology of events, we can see how the path of Jesse Brock crosses paths with the descendants of George Brock Senior.

1752 Halifax formed from Lunenburg
1753 Bedford formed from Lunenburg
1766 Pittsylvania formed from Halifax
1776 Henry formed from Pittsylvania
1785 Franklin formed from Henry

Deed: 1773 Surry Co. NC, Sherod Allen and John Brock are located in Surry Co., NC, where they are included in the tax list for that year; Source: Data from Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, primary source not stated, needs confirmation

Deed: 1773 Sept 15, Pittsylvania Co. VA, David Kirby of County of Pittsylvania and Peter Russell of said county, 100 acres on Pig River joining to Hodges ... joining William Halls line, Wit: Elisha Estes, John Brock, Obed. Stober; Source: Pittsylvania County, Virginia Deed Books 1, 2 and 3 by Lucille C. Payne and Neil G. Payne, Pg. 162,(DB 3, p. 371)


Militia: 1776-1777, Pittsylvania/Henry Co. VA, Militia Roll of Fort Liberty, Jonathan Hanby's Company, Allan Brock & Jesse Brock; Source: Revolutionary War Rolls 1775-1783; Publisher: NARA; State: Virginia Military; Org: Company of Virginia Militia, Fort Liberty, Date Range: 1776-77; Folder: 354, Page 4; Online - Footnote.com

Church Membership: Sep 1776, Guilford Co., NC. Jesse Brock listed as member at Matrimony Creek Baptist Church, Sep 1776, Guilford Co., NC. Matrimony Creek Baptist Church was located in Guilford Co., NC until the formation of Rockingham Co., NC in 1785. No wife was listed with Jesse and the only other Brock listed was an Esther Brock; Source: Church Records, Matrimony Creek Baptist Church Records, by Judy Wright, USGenWeb Digital Archives, North Carolina, Rockingham County, © 1997

County Formation: 1776 Henry County was formed from Pittsylvania County

Oath: 1777 Henry Co. VA, John Brock signed an oath of allegiance; witnessed the 1 Jan 1778 by Thomas Henderson; Source: The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, by Virginia Historical Society, 1901, http://books.google.com/books?id=6KQ0YmQd5QC&pg=PA142&dq=%22sherwood+brock%22&lr=&as_brr=1&as_pt=ALLTYPES&ei=OGR4ScHWDka-MpHKvB6PAPA1A4B_M1

Oath: 1778 Henry Co. VA, Sherod Brock signed an oath of allegiance; witnessed the 1st of Jan 1779 by Henderson; Source: The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, by Virginia Historical Society, 1901,
Tax: 1778 Henry Co., VA, John and Joshua Brock on Tax list; Source: 1778-1780 tax lists of Henry County, Virginia; by Lela C. Adams, 1973

Levy: 1779 Feb 12, Pittsylvania Co., VA, at a vestry held in Camden Parish for laying the parish levy, Joshua Brock levied 3000 DR for necessaries found N.P. Levins, a pensioner; Source: Vestry Book of Camden Parish 1767-1820, page 33, Transcribed by Mary Leigh Boisseau, 1986

Tax: 1779 Henry Co., VA: Joshua Brock on tax list; Source: 1778-1780 tax lists of Henry County, Virginia; by Lela C. Adams, 1973

Will: Dec 1773-1780, Bedford Co., VA, pages 90-93, account current for Pleasant Moorman, Joshua Brock mentioned; Source: Abstracts of Bedford County, Virginia Will Book 2 with inventories and Accounts 178801803, Abstracted and Edited by Joida Whitten, Research by Doris Ross Johnston

Deed: 1779 24 Mar., Henry Co., VA, (Deed Book pp. 262, 263), £150, 300 ac. Robert Boulton of Henry to Josiah (Joshua?) Brock of the county of Bedford. Both sides of Snow Creek beg at patent line of William Webb’s. Signed: Robert Boulton. Wit: Mary (X) Boulton, Ann (X) Boulton; Source: Abstracts of Henry County, Virginia deed books I and II: 17 February 1776 through 22 July 1784 : including surveys made from March 1778 through June 10, 1783, Adams, Lela C., 1975, p. 48, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Tax: 1780 Feb 20, Henry Co., VA, Joshua Brock on tax list; Source: 1778-1780 tax lists of Henry County, Virginia; by Lela C. Adams, 1973

Land: 1780 June 10 to 1783 June 10 Henry Co., VA, list of surveys made: Jesse Brock 188 acres; Source: Abstracts of Henry County, Virginia deed books I and II: 17 February 1776 through 22 July 1784: including surveys made from March 1778 through June 10, 1783, Adams, Lela C., 1975, p. 151, 153, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Military: Feb 1781, Surry Co., NC, Revolutionary War, Jesse Brock enlisted for an additional three months and arrived there a few days after the Battle of Guilford; Source: Jesse Brock Revolutionary War Pension Application, 1833 Harlan County

Residence: 1781 Guilford Co., NC, Jesse Brock reenlisted in the Revolutionary War; Source: Jesse Brock Revolutionary War Pension Application, 1833 Harlan County


Residence: 1783 Franklin Co., VA, Jesse Brock moved to Franklin Co. and resided there for two years; Source: Jesse Brock Revolutionary War Pension Application, 1833 Harlan County

Will: 1784 Henry Co., VA, Will of John Brock, named father John, wife Sally, brother Sherwood (Sherod), witnessed by Allin Brock; Source: Henry Co. VA Will Book 1, p. 145, Copy in hand, supplied by Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com

Deed: 1784 Henry Co., VA, Deed Book 2, page 501, Alen Brock to Philip Blessingham, 100 acres; Data from Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, primary source not stated, needs confirmation

Deed: 1784 Henry Co., VA, Deed Book 3, page 9, Amos Richardson of Henry Co. to Moses Brock, 50 acres north side Snow Creek; Source: Abstracts of Henry County, Virginia deed books I and II: 17 February 1776 through 22 July 1784: including surveys made from March 1778 through June 10, 1783, Adams, Lela C., 1975
County Formation: 1785, northern portion of Henry County & southern portion of Bedford formed to make Franklin

Residence: **1785 Guilford Co. NC, Jesse Brock** settled once again in Guilford;  
*Source: Jesse Brock Revolutionary War Pension Application, 1833 Harlan County*

Court: **1785, Guilford Co. NC** Court Minutes, p. 289, August term 1787, insolvents in Mr. Lackey's for the year 1785: **Sherwood Brock**- 1 Poll;  
*Source: Guilford County, North Carolina Court Minutes August Term of Court 1781 to May Terms 1788 transcribed by Jane Smith Hill, 1999, The Guilford Co. Genealogical Society Greensboro, North Carolina, p. 150

Court: **1785 Feb., Guilford Co. NC** Court Minutes, **Sherwood Brock** listed as a juror in the case of John Haly vs John Glen;  
*Source: Guilford County, North Carolina Court Minutes August Term of Court 1781 to May Terms 1788 transcribed by Jane Smith Hill, 1999, The Guilford Co. Genealogical Society Greensboro, North Carolina, p. 69

Church Membership: **19 Feb 1785, Guilford Co., NC**; Matrimony Primitive Baptist Church, excommunicated **Jesse Brock** for swearing profanely;  
*Source: Transcript of Matrimony Creek Baptist Church records, of Rockingham Co, at NC State Archive*

Tax: **1786 Franklin Co. VA**, Personal Property Tax List, **Joshua Brock**- 1 tithe, 1 white over 21, 2-horse, 5-cattle; **Moses Brock**, 1 tithe, 1 white over 21, 1 horse;  
*Source: 1786 Tax List Franklin County(New River Notes: Historical and Genealogical Resources for the Upper New River Valley of North Carolina and Virginia http://www.newrivernotes.com/va/fran1786.htm*

Deed: **13 Sep 1786, Franklin Co. VA**, (Deed Book 1/99-101), £30, 140 ac. **Joshua Brock** of Franklin to Ashford Napper(Napier) of same. Beginning at a red oak; S. 21½ and crossing the Maple branch to white oak; thence an agreed new line to the cross roads near the Buffalo Wallow; old line to beginning. Signed: **Joshua Brock**. Witnesses: Thomas Dyer, John Wilks, Eisha Eaks (Estes);  
*Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 1 1785-1788 / by Barbara Crumpton. c1999- Books 1-4, p. 12; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston*

Deed: **23 Apr 1786, Franklin Co. VA**, (Deed Book 1/136, 137), £50, 50 ac. William Vincent of Pittsylvania to Ann Priddy of Franklin. S. side Snow Creek beg. dogwood on **Joshua Brock** line to the old order line; to George Robinson's line; to creek; down creek to beginning. Signed: William Vincent. Wit: Moses Brock, William Vincent, Daniel Richardson. Proven 1 Jan 1786 by wits;  
*Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 1 1785-1788 / by Barbara Crumpton. c1999- Books 1-4, p. 15; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston*

Deed: **1787 June Court, Franklin Co. VA, Joshua Brock** to Ashford Napier Jr, acknowledged and ordered to be recorded;  
*Source: Old Virginia Court, A Transcript of the Records of The First Court of Franklin Co., Va. 1786-89 by Marshal Wingfield, page 37, Published by Memphis, West Tennessee Historical Society, 1948*

*Source: Abstracts of Henry County, Virginia deed books I and II: 17 February 1776 through 22 July 1784: including surveys made from March 1778 through June 10, 1783, Adams, Lela C., 1975*

Tax: **1787, Franklin Co. VA, Joshua and John Brock** paid tithes;  
*George Brock-
not tithable;\textsuperscript{54} Source: Researched by Bob Hopkins, \texttt{bobhop@aol.com}

Deed: \textbf{1787 Aug 3, Henry Co. VA}, granted to \textit{Allen Brock}, assignee of Philip Blosingham, 11 acres, for 5 shillings sterling, survey date Dec 16, 1778, lying on the waters of Snow Creek, beginning at Copeland’s corner, \textit{Source: Online, Virginia State Library; Land Office Grants No. 10, 1787, page 448 (copy in hand.)}

Tax: \textbf{1787 Henry Co. VA Tax List, Jessee Brock}; \textit{Virginia Tax Payers, 1782-1787, By Augusta B. Fothergill and John Mark Naugle, 1986}


Surveyor: \textbf{1788 Feb. Court, Franklin Co. VA}, Joshua Brock appointed surveyor of the road from county line to Jeffersons Crossing of Snow Road at the said Brocks Mill to Beards Cabin in Pigg River Road & the list filed be his gang; \textit{Source: Old Virginia Court, A Transcript of the Records of The First Court of Franklin Co., Va. 1786-89 by Marshal Wingfield, page 104, Published by Memphis, West Tennessee Historical Society, 1948}


Deed: \textbf{1788 Oct 20, Franklin Co. VA}, (Deed Book 2, pp. 24, 25), Daniel Richardson of Franklin to Thomas Long of same. First fork of Snow Creek beg at Spanish Oak on said Richardson’s line; N to Spanish oak corner; NW to white oak corner on creek; up creek to mouth of a branch. Signed: Daniel Richardson. Wit: Elisha (X) Prewit, Micajah Brock, Joshua Brock, acknowledged & ordered to be recorded Apr 1789; \textit{Source: Deed Book 2, 1788-1792 Franklin County Virginia, By Barbara Crumpton, 1999, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston}

Deed: \textbf{1788 Nov 2, Franklin Co. VA}, George Brock of Franklin Co. VA sold land on north fork of Snow Creek beginning at post oak, crossing branch to chestnut oak at Pig Run Road. Witnesses: Micajah and Joshua Brock; \textit{Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 4; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston}

Deed: \textbf{1788 Nov 2, Franklin Co. VA}, £40, 400 ac. Daniel Richardson of Franklin to George Brock of same. N fork Snow Creek beg at post oak; new line N80 W159 to white oak; S 70-283 crossing branch to chestnut oak at Pig Run Road . . . adjoins Wm. Young’s old order line. Signed: Daniel Richardson. Wit: Thomas Long, Micajah (X) Brock, Joshua Brock, Elijah (X) Prewit. Proven: Apr 1789; \textit{Source: (Deed Book 2, pp. 28, 29), Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999 p. 4; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston; 6 April 1879 Acknowledged and ordered to be recorded; Source: Old Virginia Court, A Transcript of the Records of The First Court of Franklin Co., Va. 1786-89 by Marshal Wingfield, page 37, published by Memphis, West Tennessee Historical Society, 1948}

Court: \textbf{1789 May 1, Franklin Co., VA}, Joshua Brock sworn in as juror; \textit{Source: Old Virginia Court, A Transcript of the Records of The First Court of Franklin Co., Va. 1786-89 by Marshal Wingfield, page 181, Published by Memphis, West Tennessee Historical Society, 1948}

Deed: \textbf{1790 May 1, Franklin Co. VA}, (Deed Book 2, p. 141), £100, 100 ac. Elisha Estes Sr.\textsuperscript{55} of Franklin to Jesse Fuller of same. Pigg River, part of tract where I now live, beg on line of Elisha Estes Jr and with
his line down river to **Joshua Brock** line; up back line as far as will and straight line to beg. Signed Elisha (E) Estes. Wit: **Joshua Brock**, Elisha Estes, John Wilks. Proven: 3 May 1790 by 1 wit; 4 Oct 1790 by 2 wits; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792 / by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 19a; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

**Will:** 1790 Oct 1, Franklin Co. VA, Will of Elisha Estes witnessed by **Joshua Brock**, will produced in court Mar 1791, proved by the oath of **Joshua Brock**; Source: Franklin County Virginia Wills, by T.L.C. Genealogy, 1991

**Tax:** 1790 Apr 3, Henry Co., VA; Jesse Brock, Jesse Brock Jr. and Charles Burnett listed as being males over 21; Source: 1790 Henry Co., VA Tax List, [http://www.binnsgenealogy.com/VirginiaTaxListCensuses/Henry/1790PersonalA/02.jpg](http://www.binnsgenealogy.com/VirginiaTaxListCensuses/Henry/1790PersonalA/02.jpg)

**Petition:** 1790 Henry Co. VA, page 12, petition for division Henry Co., Va. signed by **Jesse Brock** twice; Source: Southwest Virginian Volume I, Number 4, Feb 1 1978, page 12, Researched by Steve Burkhart (needs confirmation)

**Census:** 1790 Surry Co. NC, Census Sherod Brock- 1 male over 16, 2 males over 16, 5 females & Alexander Brock- 1 male over 16, 1 male under 16, 2 females; Source: 1790 United States Population Schedule, Surry Co. NC, Roll: M637_7; Image: 0293

**Tax:** 1790 Surry Co. NC, Capt Edward's district. Sherwood Brock 200 acres; Source: Bob Hopkins, [bobhop@aol.com](mailto:bobhop@aol.com), no primary source given, needs Verification

**Deed:** 20 Aug 1790, Franklin Co. VA, £35, 200 ac. **George Brock** to James Long. First fork of Snow Creek beg at corner white oak at fork of said creek; new line to the old line to corner post oak; with old line east to corner white oak; southeast to red oak. Signed: **George Brock**. Wit: Peter Laswell, William Chandler, Jacob Laswell. Proven: 4 Apr 1791 by wits; Source: (Deed Book 2, p. 200), Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 28; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston


**Deed:** 1791 Jan 25, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 2, pp. 245, 246), £50, 200 ac. Harman Cook of Pittsylvania to Thomas Boalton of Franklin. Both sides Snow Creek beg at double beech on S side adj. James Prunty, Moses Brock, Copeland; to spanish oak on Vincent corner; on his and Thos. Bolton line to beg. Signed: Harman Cook. Wit: Thomas Dyer, Fredrick (E) Crout, Jonathan (X) Hibbs, William ____. Proven: Apr 1791 1 wit; 1 Aug 1791 2 wit; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 35; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

**Deed:** 1791 Feb 7, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 2, pp. 183, 184), £100, 150 ac. Asa Estes of Pendleton SC to Jesse Estes of Franklin. One half of 300 ac willed me by my father, Elisha Estes decd., including the manor plantation. Signed: Asa Estes. Wit: **Joshua Brock**, Saml Calland, John Bartes, John Wilks, Robert Prunty, Jesse Prunty. Proven: 7 Mar 1791 by wits; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 26; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

**Deed:** 1791 Nov 19, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 2, pp. 349, 350), £160, 232 ac by survey. William Bean of Surry NC to Elisha Adams of Franklin. Both sides S branch Grassy Fork, granted to James Prunty 2 Sep 1779, beg
white oak on Sam Patterson line; with his line to Baley Smith, to Hugh Innes, to Wm. Murry, new line; thence along Wm. Ryan line to beg. Signed: William (X) Bean. Wit: James Prunty, Robert Prunty, Moses Brock. Proven: 2 Apr 1792 by wits; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 46; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Tax: 1791 Surry Co. NC, Capt Edwards district, Sherrod Brock-200 Acres, Allen Brock-150 Acres; Source: Data from Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, no primary source given, needs confirmation

Deed: 1792 Feb 14, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 2, pp. 355, 356). 14 Feb 1792, £100, 100 ac. Moses Brock of Franklin to David Thomason. N side of Snow Creek beg hickory below the falls; to white oak; straight line to poplar on Wm. Vincent line; to patent line on a red oak on road. Signed: Moses Brock. Wit: James Prunty, Robert Prunty, Elisha Estes, Renny Brummatie?. Proven: 2 Apr 1792 by wits; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 47; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston


Deed: 1792 Dec 27, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 2, pp. 516, 517), £30, 188+40 ac. Thomas Williams of Franklin to Joshua Brock of same. Near Maple Branch of Snow Creek beg at postoak in Brock’s line; new line N46 W112 to post oak; S1 E26 to Prewet’s corner red oak on branch; S62 W146 crossing a rid [sic] to black oak corner on David Prewit line. (2) Also 40 ac adj S side of branch, part of an order purchased of Richard Copeland. Signed: Thomas (X) Williams, Mary (X) Williams. Wit: Elisha F Estes, DavidThomason, John (X) Purkins, Margret (X) Estes. Proven: Apr 1792 by wits; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 2 1788-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 66; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Tax: 1792 Surry Co. NC, tax list Capt Edward’s district, Sherrod Brock - 200 acres; Source: Data from Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, Needs verification

Deed: 1793 Feb 10, Surry Co. NC, Amos Scritchfield of Spartanburg Co. SC to Sherod Brock, 100 Acres on waters Fishers River with adjoining line to where John Allen Jr. now lives, Witnesses: William Meredith, Rezia Jarvis and John Shore; Source: Surry Co. NC Deed Book E, p. 244


Deed: 1793 Nov 28, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 3, p. 34), 28 Nov 1793, £30, 50 ac. James Brummet Junr to John Perkins. Owens Creek beg at white oak corner in fork of branch; N45 W to read oak; NE to post oak; SE to red oak; SW to beg. Between lines of Robert Boulton and widow Keen on vacant land. Signed: James (X) Brummet Jr. Wit: Ben Cook, Stephen Haynes, Allen Brock, Hugh Innes, William Crouch, Thomas Prater, James More. Proven: Jan 1794 by 2 wits; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 6; Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Tax: 1793 Surry Co. NC, tax list Capt Burche’s district, Allen Brock - 300 acres, John Brock - 250 acres and Sherod Brock - 200 acres; Source: Research of Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, needs confirmation

Deed: 1794 Jan 13, Surry Co. NC, John & Ellinor Allen to David
Thomason, 100 Acres Fishers River adjoining Yadkin River & Peter Hamlin. Witnesstes: Thomas Hamlin & Sherwood (X) Brock; Source: http://files.usgwarchives.net/nc/surry/deeds/allen167gdd.txt

Deed: 1794, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 3, p. 111), £35, 100 ac. James Brummet of Franklin Co. To Jacob Warwick of same. Crabtree and Snow Creek beg at chestnut oak; S along dividing line to corner peech in Moses Brock plantation; W along old line to chest. Corner; N to poplar at Parberry and Hunt’s corner; E to beg. Signed: James Brummet. Wit: Richd. Mitchell, Joseph Cook, John ___. Proven: Apr 1794 by wits; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 15, 16, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Deed: 1794 May 29, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 3, p. 158), £50, 80 ac. Jeames Brumet of Franklin to Moses Brock. Branches of Crabtree Creek beg at chest. corner on his own line; S some degrees of Jeames Parberry’s line; to chest oak corner; E on conditional line between Jacob Warwick and Moses Brock to peach tree in old patent line. Signed: James (X) Brumet. Wit: Edward Choat, William Brummett. Proven: Oct 1794 & acknowledged; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 22, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Tax: 1794 Surry Co. NC, tax list Capt Atkins’ district, Sherwood Brock – 200 acres; Source: Research of Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, needs confirmation


Deed: 1795 Aug 4, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 3, p. 250), John, Daniel and Aaron Richardson of Madison KY appoints friend Joshua Brock as their atty to dispose of tract on Buck Branch of Snow Creek; to make a good title to David Stuart agreeable to the terms of a bond that said Stuart has on the said Aaron Richardson for a title. Signed: John Richardson, Daniel Richardson, Aron Richardson. Wit: None. Proven: 4 Aug 1795 Madison KY by akn of three grantors. Proven: Dec 1795 Franklin VA by exhibit; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 36, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Tax: 1795 Surry Co. NC, tax list Capt Burch’s district, Sherwood Brock; Source: Research by Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, Needs confirmation


Deed: 1795 Oct 31, Surry Co. NC, Sherod BROCK to David Tomason, 100 Acres on waters Fishers River adjoining where Peter Hamblen now lives on Waggon Road, Wits: Peter Hamblin, William Meredith & Rezia Jarvis; Signed: Sherod (X) BROCK & Sary BROCK; Source: Surry Co. NC Deed Book F, p.297

Deed: 1795 Oct 31, Surry Co. NC, Sherod BROCK to David Tomason, 100 Acres on waters Fishers River adjoining where Peter Hamblen now lives on Waggon Road, Wits: Peter Hamblin, William Meredith & Rezia Jarvis; Signed: Sherod (X) BROCK & Sary BROCK; Source: Surry Co. NC Deed Book F, p.297


Marriage: 1795 Nov 30, Henry Co. VA, John Burnett to Lucy Allen Brock, granddaughter of George Brock with whom she lives with; Source:
1795 Dec 7, Franklin Co. VA (Deed Book 3 p. 318) £ not stated, 125 ac. Joshua Brock, AIF for Daniel and Aron Richardson to David Stuart of Franklin. Back Branch beg at poplar in Caldwel line, etc. Signed: Joshua Brock AIF. Wit: James Prunty, Daniel Jett, Wm. (W) Walker, Benjamin Cook. Proven: Feb 1796 by 3 wits. Clerk writes and John Daniel and Aron Richardson with Mary Sarah and Nancy, wives of above, releasing dower; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 46, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston


Deed: 27 Mar 1796, Franklin Co. VA, £50, 200 ac. George Brock Senr of Powhatten to Joshua Brock Senr of same. First fork of Snow Creek beg on wh oak at fork; up fork for considerable distance; new line nearly N to corner post oak in old line; SW to chest oak; SE to corner post; SE to wh oak on small brch; down brch to creek; down creek to beg. Signed: George Brock. Wit: Richard Mitchell, John Manier?, George Brock, Marlin Young. Proven: Apr 1797 by wits. [Note: Powhatan Co. was formed 1777 from Cumberland Co., VA]; Source: (Deed Book 3, p. 415), Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792 / by Barbara Crumpton. c1999-, p. 62, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston


1797, Russell Co., VA; listed on same page: Jesse Brock - 1 tithie; Source: 1797 Russell Co. VA Tax List, http://www.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~varussel/census/1797tx.html

Deed: 2 Oct 1797, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 3, p. 533), £16, 50 ac. John Brock of Franklin to John Maning of same. Bet abt middle of a line mentioned in the patent 186 poles crossing 4 branches to forked chestnut; crossing 2 brchs to dogwood; dividing line between Jones and said Brock and beg on said dogwood; crossing 2 more brchs to chest. Signed: John Brock. Wit: Joshua Brock Senr, James (X) Cooly, Joshua Brock Junr, John (X) Burwell; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792, by Barbara Crumpton, 1999, p. 78

Court: 1797 Oct 24, Russell Co., VA; "paid for killing"......"Jesse Brock for
killing 1 old wolf"; Source: Court Records, Russell Co., VA Court Records, online-Russell VaGenWeb

Tax: 1798, Russell Co., VA Tax list, Jesse Brock-1, George Brock-1, James Brock-1; Source: 1798 Russell Co. VA Personal Property Tax List http://www.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~varussel/census/1798tx.html

Deed: 1798 May 31, Franklin Co. VA, (Deed Book 3, p. 595), £100, 1031 ac. Thomas Gordon of town of Petersburg to John Boswell of Bedford. Both sides of Snow Creek; mentions Joshua Brock corner; mentions P/a to Hopkins recorded in Pittsylvania Co; Source: Franklin County, Virginia Deed Book 3 1792-1792 / by Barbara Crumpton. c1999-, p. 88, Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Grant: 1798 Apr 5, Franklin Co. VA, Moses Brock, Land Office Treasury Warrant #35 dated 1783 Dec 19 - 153 Acres on the Crabtree Fork of Snow Creek; Source: Virginia Land Office Grants No. 40, 1797-1798, p. 139

Tax: 1799 Jul 25, Franklin Co. VA, Personal Property Tax List, Page 3-Jesse Brock, 1 white male tithable over the age of 21, Moses Brock (no Tithe) & Martha Brock (no tithe), page 2-Johua (Joshua) Brock-3 tithables; Source: 1799 Franklin Co. VA Personal Property Tax List, p. 2 http://www.binnsgenealogy.com/VirginiaTaxListCensuses/Franklin/1799PersonalA/02.jpg, p. 3 http://www.binnsgenealogy.com/VirginiaTaxListCensuses/Franklin/1799PersonalA/03.jpg


Will: 1812-1825, Franklin Co. VA, Will Book 2, p. 142/143, Inventory of Isaiah White, no date, Signed by Tubal Brock; Source: Will Book 2 1812-1825 Franklin County Virginia by Barbara Crumpton, p. 18

Tax: 1811 Oct 30, Franklin Co. VA, tax collections and levies for 1810 & 1811, Tubal Brock, his execution vs Hiett 5.25; Source: Will Book 2 1812-1825 Franklin County Virginia by Barbara Crumpton, p. 23

Estate: 1819 Feb. 13, Franklin Co. VA, Inventory of Joshua Brock; set of blacksmith tools, cotton machine, livestock, tack, household/kitchen furniture, tools, total: 355.50 Received 1 Mar 1819 Source: Will Book 2 1812-1825 Franklin County, Virginia, By Barbara Crumpton, page 31, (Will Bk 2, pages 263 & 264), Researched by Doris Ross Johnston

Will: 1820 Nov 15, Franklin Co. VA, Will Book 2, p. 342-343, Dower Allotment for Joshua Black (Brock), Laid off dower for widow Lucy Brock. Beg on snow Creek where upper line of said land crossed creek; down creek to double elm opposite lower row of apple orchard on north side of creek; with row, reserving the whole of orchard to the leatees, to NE crn tree in said orchard; thence line from crn apple tree N61E across a field to John Boswell line; (5 words missing) south on Brock’s line on south side of creek till it strikes the creek again at the beg. Signed: Benjamin Cook, Jesse Prunty, Robert Innes, P. Dickenzon, Received 4 Dec 1820; Source: Will Book 2 1812-1825 Franklin County Virginia by Barbara Crumpton, p. 18 & 19

Sources & Notes

1 Elijah Brock Interview as given personally to Annie Walker Burns, recorded in “Harlan County, Kentucky: record of deaths, deeds and births during the years, 1852 to 1862”, by Annie Walker Burns, date unknown

2 Register of St. Peters Parish, Series 2, 1680-1787 Richmond, by C. G. Chamberlayne, 1937, p. 343
Processioning is a term used to signify the manner of ascertaining the boundaries of land, as provided for by the laws of the state. Source: Bouviers Law Dictionary 1856 edition

Page 230--The lands of Jno Sims Jno Shelton, Jo: Crneshaw, Wm Crenshaw, Edwd Sims, Matt: Sims Geo: Brock, -----Burras, Geo: Wilkinson, David Crawford and Geo: Sims being made one precinct, whereof the said Jno Sims, & Jno shelton were appointed Overseers made this return, viz. To the Gentlemen of the Vestry of St Pauls psh, &c, pursuant to an order dated 9br, ye 17th we the Subscribers did on the 28th day of 9br, last past, procession all the within lands, except the lands of Geo: Wilkinson which was never yet Processiond, and the bounds thereof could not be found, In company with Jo: Crenshaw Saml Pynings for Wm Crenshawe, matt: sims, Geo: Brock, Wm Archer for Burras, Geo: Wilkinson aforesd, Jon Exderkin for David Crawford, & Geo: Sims, Edwd Sims not there because rangin, we are with due respect & c, Jno Sims Jno Shelton;
Page 254-The lands of John Shelton, John Sims, Jno. Crenshaw, Wm. Crenshaw, David Crawford, Edwd. Sims, Matthew Sims, George Brock......Burrus. Geo. Sims & Geo. Wilkinson being made one precinct, of which John Shelton and John Sims were Overseers, made this return, viz. Janry. ye 9th & March ye 17th, 1715, pursuant to the within order we the subscribers did on the day aforesaid, in company with the within named persons, procession all the respective Lands, except the Lands of Geo. Wilkinson whose bounds for want of a Survey can't be found, which being ver Troublesom to all parties concern'd we humbly beg relief in the premises. Jno. Shelton, Jno. Sims.
Page 262-The lands of John Shelton, Jhn Sims, Wm. Crenshaw, David Crawford, Edward Sims, Matthew Sims, Geo. Brock......Burras, Geo. Winkinson and Geo. Sims, being one precinct of which John Shelton and John Sims were overseers, who made this return pursuant to the within Order the Subscribers did procession all the within mentioned Lands, neme contradicente and all present, X...1719.
Page 265-The lands of Jno. Williamson, Edw'd. Harris, John Crenshaw, Thos. Johnson, Jno. Sims, and Geo. Brock being one precinct, of which Jno. Williamson & Edw'd. Harris were Overseers, who made this return we the Subscribers have processioned our Land according to Order, Edw'd. Harris, John Williamson, John Crenshaw, Geo. Brock, Thos. Johnson, John Sims.

Read more about John Symes/Sims at http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~thesimsfamily/sims/tree/3449.htm

Virginia Land Office Patents No. 10, 1710-1719, p. 436 & 437
Virginia Land Office Patents No. 12, 1724-1726, p. 355; Online The Library of Virginia
Wikipedia: “In 1720, there were two parishes in Henrico County, St. James and Henrico Parish. When Goochland County was formed, St. James Parish fell within the boundaries on both sides of the James River and westward. When Albemarle County was formed from Goochland in 1744, the Parish was divided into three parishes. St. Anne’s Parish covered Albemarle, St. James Southam Parish covered the south side of the river (now Powhatan County), and St. James Northam Parish covered the rest of Goochland”
Goochland County Virginia Deed book 4, page 23-24, copy in hand
Goochland County Virginia Deed book 3, page 466; Goochland Co., Virginia, Wills & Deeds, 1728-1736 by Benjamin B. Weisiger; research by Kevin Carter
Map of the most inhabited part of Virginia containing the whole province of Maryland with part of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and North Carolina. Drawn by Joshua Fry & Peter Jefferson in 1751.

Goochland County Virginia Deed Bk 5, p. 312, copy in hand


The Kirby family had a conditional line with John Payne as well. This Kirby family could possibly be connected to the family of Lucy Kirby who married Joshua Brock.


Albemarle County Virginia Will Book 1, Page 30,

The name John Melton appears three times in association with the Brocks. The first came in the will of George Brock Senior “the rest of my estate of what nature of quality so ever I give & bequeath to my loven friend John Melton”; 2nd as a witness of the deed between John Brock and George Brock for the land John inherited from his grandfather George Brock Senior; 3rd as a resident of Fluvanna, signed the petition in 1777 not to dissolve Fluvanna County. As a side note, a preliminary search over the internet indicates the Terry Melton who lived in Harlan/Clay County was a descendant of the Melton’s who lived in Albemarle Co. Va.

Albemarle County Virginia Deed Book 3, Page 130,

The Douglas Register: Being a Detailed Register of Births, Marriages and Deaths...as Kept by the Rev. William Douglas, from 1750 to 1797, by William MacFarlane Jones, Page 13

Goochland County, Virginia Tithe Lists 1735-1747 by A. Jean Lurvey; research by Kevin Carter

Goochland County, Virginia Tithe Lists 1748-1749," by Jean Lurvey 1979; research by Kevin Carter

Old Churches, Ministers and Families of Virginia, by William Meade, published 1891 by J.B. Lippincott & company

Joshua Burton was born 1716 Goochland/Cumberland Co. Va.

Read more about Henry Hatcher http://hatcherfamilyassoc.com/getperson.php?personID=I39177&tree=WmtheIm

Abstracts of the Cumberland County, Virginia, Court Order Books from June 1749 to May 1756, by Sheila Fretwell, 1987, pp. 48, 61, 74, 80, 118, and 205, research by Doris Ross Johnston

Goochland County Virginia Order Book 3, 1731-1735, page 59

Goochland County Virginia Order Book 3, 1731-1735, page 79

William Mayo...."was the surveyor of Goochland county when it embraced both sides of James River to the Appomattox River" Source: Virginia and Virginians By Robert Alonzo Brock, Virgil Anson Lewis, p. 90

Goochland County Virginia Order Book 3, 1731-1735, page 168


“The vestry meetings of Antrim Parish were held at the Court House, then located at Peytonsburg in the eastern part of what later became Pittsylvania County”; Source: Antrim Parish, Halifax County 1752-1767, By Maud Carter Clement, Chatham, Virginia, 1952.

Data from Bob Hopkins, bobhop@aol.com, primary source not stated, needs confirmation

Samuel Jordan’s name appears in court records pertaining to George Brock in 1753 Albemarle Co., 1764 Albemarle Co. and 1773 Albemarle Co. Samuel Jordon, b. 1710 d. 1789, was a magistrate in Albemarle County and served as a captain
of militia, as sheriff and as county lieutenant of Buckingham County. Although he was elderly he served as a Colonel in the Buckingham Co. Militia during the Revolutionary War; Source: Genealogical Records of Buckingham County, Virginia; By Edythe Johns Rucker Whitley; Published by Genealogical Publishing Com, 1984

34 The Edward Pleasants Valentine Papers, By Edward Pleasants Valentine, Clayton Torrence, Page 628


36 Fluvanna County, Virginia Deed Bk 1, p. 191

37 This could be the John Melton who was the recipient of part of George Senior’s estate and witness the deed between George Brock and Fisher Price Bennett. Another possibility is the son of the John Melton mentioned in George Senior’s estate. John Melton of Albemarle Co. is said to have had at least two sons whose names were John and Pearce. Both a John and Pearce Melton signed the 1777 petition.

38 Fluvanna County Virginia Deed Book 1, page 169 (copy in hand)

39 Fluvanna County Virginia Deed Book 1, page 212 (copy in hand)

40 Pittsylvania County, Virginia Deed Books 1,2 and 3 by Lucille C. Payne and Neil G. Payne, Pg. 162, (DB 3, p. 371)

41 This source needs to be confirmed. A list of tithables for Henry Co. VA for the year 1774 was posted on the Stewart Rootsweb Mailing List 2005 by Teresa Stuart, no primary source given,


43 Henry Co. VA Will Book 1, p. 145 (copy in hand)

44 David HUMPHREY; 361 ac; March 27, 1777; on each side of the Byrd____creek and on its branches, 359 ½ acres thereof being in the county of Albemarle and 1 ¾ acres the residue being in the county of Louisa (on White Oak branch, Byrd Creek); by A. S. BRYAN; joining an "old marked line," John HOLLAND, Randoolph WATSON, Edwd HUMPHREY, Jno HOLLAND, William LOVELL, Henry TAYLOR.

David Humphrey bought additional land in 1779 on Byrd Creek, in this occurrence the Land was listed as lying partially in Fluvanna and another part in Louisa. Land Grant A:063 , Grantee: Humphrey, David, Date: 20-Oct-1779 361a in Fluvanna Co on the S side Rivanna River and each side of Byrd Creek & its branches 359.25 in Fluvanna & 1.75 in Louisa

45 Louisa County Survey Book, 9 May 1774 400a in Louisa & Albemarle S of Three Notched Road & not stated

46 Fluvanna County Virginia Deeds 1777-1783, by T.L.C. Genealogy, 1999

47 Fluvanna County Virginia Deeds 1777-1783, by T.L.C. Genealogy, 1999

48 Louisa County Virginia Extracts from Land Patents and Grants

http://trevilians.com/deedmapper/dm7.htm

49 The Route of the Three Notch’d Road: A Preliminary Report, by Nathaniel Mason Pawlett, Faculty Research Historian and Howard H. Newlon, Jr. Assistant Head

50 The Bulletin of the Fluvanna County Historical Society, Number 12, April 1971, p. 18

51 http://books.google.com/books?id=6ycTAAAAAYAAJ&pg=RA4-PA17&lpg=RA4-PA17&dq=%22three+notched+road%22&source=web&ots=1rg8Bmcbr&sig=KO3fX8ZBuZhuuKL_ezsNKSFOXy8&hl=en&sa=X&oi=book_result&resnum=6&ct=result#PRA3-PA39,M1
Amos Richardson was the surety in the marriage of July 14, 1792 between Susanna Brock (marriage list her as the daughter of George Brock) and Moses Lesseuer in Franklin Co. VA; Source: Marriage Bonds of Franklin County Virginia 1786-1858, by Marshall Winchfield, 1973, p. 144

An Ashford Napier witnessed a deed in 1763 Albemarle Co. VA between Nathan Burnett (brother of Charles Burnett) and John Webb. Other witnesses were Patrick & Robert Napier.; Source: The Burnetts and Their Connections, Volume Two, by June Baldwin Bork, 1993

Being listed but not tithable usually means that person was over 60.

Elisha Estes Sr. was the father of Fannie Estes who married Joshua Warren Brock, son of Joshua Brock and Lucy Kirby.

Charles Burnett married Catherine Brock reportedly in 1765 Albemarle Co. VA. Catherine is said to be the daughter of George Brock per Burnetts and Their Connections, Vol. 2, by June Baldwin Bork, 1993

In the year 1799 only George Brock appears in Russell Co. VA