

Copyright 1999 Perry Streeter (Content updated 16 September 2009)
© 1999 Perry Streeter · <mailto:perry@streeter.com> · <http://www.perry.streeter.com>

This document is Copyright 1999 by Perry Streeter. It may be freely redistributed in its entirety provided that this copyright notice is not removed. It may not be sold for profit or incorporated in commercial documents without the written permission of the copyright holder.

I am seeking all genealogical and biographical details for the family documented below including their ancestors, children, and grandchildren and the spouses thereof, including the full names of those spouses' parents. All additions and corrections within this scope, however speculative, will be greatly appreciated.

John Brundish [Brundage] of Wethersfield, Connecticut

Our branch of the family was very fortunate to inherit records that detailed our dual lines of descent from our earliest confirmed ancestor, Solomon Brundage. I am 99.9% sure that Solomon Brundage somehow descended from early Connecticut colonist John¹ Brundish. However, the exact line of Solomon's descent from John¹ has not yet been conclusively determined. My great aunt, Janette (Streeter) Cornell, introduced me to these Brundage family records when I was still a teenager. I soon began corresponding with William "Bill" W. Brundage, one of my first mentors in genealogy.

For more than a century, the descendants of Solomon Brundage's sons, Benjamin S. and John, both of Greenwood, Steuben County, New York, believed that the Solomon was probably the son of Benjamin Brundage (1737-1807), the earliest known ancestor of "The Bath Brundages," also of Steuben County, New York. It was not until 1999, through correspondence with one of the elder Benjamin's descendants, Helen (Brundage) Fisher, that we learned that Benjamin's son, Solomon, was born in 1777 and died in 1790; these dates were probably extracted from Bible records. Clearly, our earliest confirmed Brundage ancestor, Solomon (1763-1831), was *not* the son of Benjamin Brundage (1737-1808). However, it should be noted that the name, *Solomon*, is not found in earlier generations of the Brundage family. Its appearance in two different Brundage families that both settled in Steuben County, New York may indicate that these families were closely related. Perhaps the name, *Solomon*, honored a common ancestor.

The faulty assumption that Solomon Brundage was the son of Benjamin Brundage (1737-1807) may have been based in part on the fact that Solomon named his *second* son Benjamin. Since Solomon named his *eldest* son Isaac, this name should carry equal or perhaps even greater weight when seeking potential matches for Solomon's unknown father.

At one time, Bill Brundage thought that Solomon was possibly a grandson of Jonathan⁵ (*John*⁴⁻³⁻²⁻¹) and that his father was either Jonathan⁶ or Benjamin⁶, if the latter was not identical with the patriarch of "The Bath Brundages" of Steuben County discussed above. **Bill's subsequent research suggests that Solomon may have been a son of Nathaniel⁵ (*Joseph*⁴⁻³, *John*²⁻¹).** I have included Bill's theory below but I continue to actively seek additional evidence to confirm or refute this speculative placement in hopes that we will some day obtain conclusive evidence to state Solomon's line of descent from John¹ Brundish with confidence. **For the details of Bill's research, please visit www.perry.streeter.com.**

After nearly twenty years of actively seeking the origins of Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage, in September 2005, I had a frustratingly brief opportunity to personally review a limited number of land and probate records in Goshen, the county seat of Orange County, New York. Unfortunately, I was not able to learn more about Solomon Brundage's origins. However, I was fortunate to find more records pertaining to Mary (Collins) Brundage and I may have even identified her parents, or possibly her paternal grandparents. In September 2006, a review of the earliest probate and land records available for Orange and Ulster counties, via microfilm the

Family History Library (FHL) in Salt Lake City, Utah, failed to yield any further breakthroughs. Are there records of Colonial New York that need to be reviewed?

In addition to Bill Brundage, I am indebted to Thomas William Brundage, author of *A Brundage Family Genealogy: An account of some of the American descendants of John Brundish (1593-1639 who came from England to Massachusetts in 1635* (Paia, Hawaii; the author; [1989]; available at www.perry.streeter.com); and John R. Smith upon whose research I have relied heavily for the preparation of this chapter. Gloria Banks Kirkwood has generously shared many biographical details pertaining to our Brundage kin that were extracted from newspaper clippings and notes of the Daphne Brownell collection, now housed at Alfred State College in Alfred, New York.

1. THOMAS^A BRUNDISH probably died in Rattlesden Parish, Suffolk England between 29 September 1645 and the end of November 1645. He was married in Rattlesden Parish, Suffolk, England on 30 August 1584 ANNE^A "AGNES" TOMPSON (*Robert^B*), christened at Rattlesden on 22 December 1560, "Anne Brundish, widow, an ancient, gracious, and comfortable Christian was buried" at Rattlesden 1 June 1647, daughter of Robert and Agnes (Raynolde) Tompson.

The town of Brundish, Suffolk, England existed by 22 May 1315 (Martin, *The Ipswich Recognizance Rolls 1294-1327, A Calendar*, p. 61). Prior to the commencement of the local parish registers, any Brundish families had migrated to other towns within Suffolk.

Thomas served as a church warden in 1593, 1595 and 1605. In 1608, he served as a constable. Thomas Brundish was assessed 1 shilling as a "rate made by the churchwardens and overseers of the said town of the inhabitants and landowners there toward the relief of the poor of the said town on the 28th of May 1645." Thomas was abated 1 pence the same rate for that he took lands at Michaelmas (29 September) as Jeremy Rust did.

Thomas must have died shortly thereafter for we find that in November 1645 and March 1646, Widow Brundish received one shilling from the town relief. She was awarded two shillings for relief on 23 April 1647 and 23 May 1647.

Children, christened at Rattlesden, Suffolk, England:

- i. ANNA, c. 8 April 1585.
- ii. THOMAS, c. 15 July 1586.
- iii. ELIZABETH, c. 30 July 1589; bur. Rattlesden 16 June 1647.
- iv. THOMAS, c. 25 May 1591; bur. 2 July 1650.
- v. MARY, c. 27 June 1592.
2. vi. JOHN¹; c. 5 June 1593; m. RACHEL HUBBARD.
- vii. ROBERT, c. 6 Aug 1594.
- viii. ANNE, c. 24 Aug 1597.

2. JOHN¹ BRUNDISH (*Thomas^A*), was christened at Rattlesden Parish, Suffolk, England on 5 June 1593; he died before 1641 at Wethersfield, Hartford County, Connecticut. John was married at Belstead, Suffolk, England in 1621 to RACHEL HUBBARD (*Boyd's Marriage Index of Suffolk, England, Vol. 7, 1601-1625, Belstead Parish Register*). Rachel was born in Mendlesham, Suffolk about 1600; she died in Connecticut before 1659; she was the daughter of James and Naomi (Cocke) Hubbard of Mendlesham. Rachel married second ANTHONY WILSON.

Belstead is approximately 25 miles from Rattlesden. John may have had ties to Belstead through the family of his maternal grandmother, Agnes (Raynolde) Tompson; the Raynolde family were numerous in both Rattlesden and Belstead.

John immigrated from Felsham, Suffolk, England to America probably in the year 1633 (Elijah Ellsworth Brownell, *Bank's Topographical Dictionary of 2885 English Immigrants to New England, 1620-1650*, p. 153); Felsham is approximately two miles from Rattlesden; it did not have its own parish register before 1656.

Children:

- i. JAMES, c. St. Mary-at-the-Elm, Ipswich, Suffolk, England 11 April 1627; parents named as John and Rachel Brundish; probably died young.
 - ii. MARY, c. St. Mary-at-the-Elm, Ipswich, Suffolk, England 10 Dec 1628; parents named as John and Rachel Brundish; d. Rye, New York after 1710; m. (1) before 1645 FRANCIS¹ PURDY, b. York, England ca. 1610, d. Fairfield, CT 1658; m. (2) ca. 1659 JOHN HOYT/HAIGHT, b. Dorsetshire, England 12 March 1614, d. Rye, NY 1684.
 - iii. [ANNE], c. St. Clement's Church, Ipswich, Suffolk, England in 1631; parents not specified.
 - iv. [SUSAN], c. St. Clement's Church, Ipswich, Suffolk, England in 1631; parents not specified.
3. v. JOHN JR.; m. HANNAH.
3. JOHN² BRUNDAGE JR. (*John*¹); born, probably in Salem or Watertown, Massachusetts about 1633-5; died Rye, New York before 2 October 1697; married HANNAH __; children included:
4. JOSEPH³ BRUNDAGE (*John*²⁻¹), born Rye, New York about 1667; married MARY LANE; sold land to Rector of Rye Church in 1713; Constable of Rye in 1719; children included:
5. JOSEPH⁴ BRUNDAGE (*Joseph*³, *John*²⁻¹), born Rye, New York circa 1698; married ELIZABETH JENNINGS; resided in Rye; owned land in Greenwich, Connecticut that he sold in parcels to son William in 1765 and to sons Charles, Joseph Jr., Edward, James and William in 1776; children included:
- i. CHARLES⁵, b. 1724.
 - ii. NATHANIEL.
 - iii. ELIZABETH, b. possibly in 1726; d. 1790; m. SAMUEL PUGSLEY, b. 1734, d. 1804.
 - iv. EDWARD, b. 1734; d. possibly after 1810; m. JOANNA LYON.
 - v. STEPHEN, b. 1736.
 - vi. WILLIAM, b. 1741; d. 1825; m. ANNA⁵ PURDY, dau. of Solomon⁴ Purdy (*Daniel*³, *Francis*²⁻¹) and Elizabeth⁴ Sherwood (*Joseph*³, *Stephen*², *Thomas*¹); resided Greenwich 1765-80.
6. NATHANIEL⁵ BRUNDAGE (*Joseph*⁴⁻³, *John*²⁻¹), born 1726; resided at North Castle 1754-79; children included:
- i. (probably) NATHANIEL, b. 12 Jan 1756, d. 31 Aug 1837; m. REBECCA SMITH.
 - ii. (possibly) SOLOMON.
7. SOLOMON^[6] BRUNDAGE ([*Nathaniel*⁵, *Joseph*⁴⁻³, *John*²], *John*¹), possibly the son of Nathaniel⁵ Brundage, was born in New York (*Census Records*), probably in Orange or Ulster County, on 29 August 1763; he died, possibly at Newburgh, Orange County, New York but probably in Fayetteville, Manlius Township, Onondaga County, New York, on 7 September 1831 at 11:15 pm. Solomon was married at New Windsor, (then Ulster, now) Orange County, New York on 14 April 1787 to MARY COLLINS of Orange County, by a Presbyterian Minister, John Close (*New Windsor Sessions Book: Marriages*). Mary was born in New York (*Census Records*), probably in Orange or Ulster County, on 16 May 1768; she died, probably in Newburgh, Orange County, New York, probably on 6 October 1845 (grave marker). Mary was

possibly the daughter, or perhaps the granddaughter, of Joseph and Abigail (___) Collins of the Precinct of Cornwall, Orange County, New York.

Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage named their first-born son *Isaac* and their second-born son *Benjamin* so both are given names of interest for potential matches with the Brundage and Collins families at large. Benjamin⁴ Brundage (*Daniel*³, *John*²⁻¹) is the earliest born Benjamin known among the descendants of John¹ Brundish; perhaps some of the later born Brundages named Benjamin descend from him. Benjamin⁴ was born at White Plains, New York about 1700. Some of Benjamin⁴'s nephews settled in northeastern New Jersey. A Benjamin Brundage was assessed £3 6s 6d in property tax in the Township of Warwick, Orange County, New York in September 1775 (*History of Orange County*, p. 566).

Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage resided in or near Newburgh, Orange County, New York most of their lives. Understanding the local history surrounding Newburgh is critical to conducting genealogical research on their origins.

There were no civil organization of the lands which embrace Plattekill until after the Palatines settled in 1709 where Newburgh is now located. In 1710 the Precinct of Highlands was formed with the land limits undefined. The organization of the territory remained the same until 1743 when three precincts were formed; Wallkill, Shawangunk and Highland. Highland Precinct embraced what is now Marlboro, Plattekill, Newburgh and New Windsor.

The precinct of the Highlands continued in existence until 1762 when it was divided into the precincts of Newburgh and New Windsor. The Newburgh precinct encompassed what is now the city and town of Newburgh in Orange County and the towns of Marlboro and Plattekill in Ulster County. This was changed in 1772 when the new Marlborough precinct was divided from the Newburgh precinct. The precinct of New Marlborough, comprised of Plattekill and Marlboro, become a town in 1788. (<http://www.bearsystems.com/platteki/platteki.html>)

As noted above, Solomon and Mary were married by Rev. John Close—the first minister of the First Presbyterian Church of Newburgh:

The First Presbyterian Church of Newburgh commenced its formal, legal existence shortly after the disbandment of the Revolutionary Army and the breaking up of its encampments in 1783. Previous to this time for nearly a score of years there had been a religious organization composed of those who by religious conviction were of the Presbyterian faith, or in the designation used in those days, "in communion with the Church of Scotland." It was an informal society and could be designated more properly as an outlying mission station or district. The records of the Marlborough Society state that in the year 1773 the society united with that society in procuring the supply of a minister for both congregations for a very brief period. It appears however to have been in the earlier years in more active and cordial connection with the old church at Bethlehem, the venerable mother of all the Presbyterian churches in this immediate vicinity.

... The Society obtained the use of the building used as a storehouse for clothing and other supplies at the corner of First and Montgomery Streets, where public worship was held in the Winter of 1783 and the Spring of 1784. The church records state that on the 12th of July that year, this feeble flock organized itself as a Presbyterian Society under the laws of the State enacted the preceding April. In February the following year they united with the congregation in New Windsor, the original compact to continue for seven years, "for the purpose," as the resolution stated, "of promoting the preaching of the Gospel." From 1785 to 1796 the Rev. John Close was the stated supply. He was succeeded by the Rev.

Isaac Lewis, who served until the year 1800... (*Old Churches of Orange County, New York*)

With the assistance of her youngest son, "Mary Brundige," as a resident of Newburgh, New York, applied for Solomon's Revolutionary War pension. In March 1843, Mary began collecting an annual pension of \$56.66 (Book A; Volume I, page 259). The following is excerpted from a 15 July 1938 letter sent to Mrs. Wilbur Brundage of Douglaston, New York by a government administrator:

The record of Solomon Brundage, the only soldier of that name or similar spelling, that is found on the Revolutionary War records of this office, is furnished you herein, the data for which were obtained from the papers filed in pension claim under W.20779, based upon the military service of that soldier in the Revolutionary War...

While residing in Pompton, New Jersey, Solomon Brundage enlisted in 1780 or 1781, and served nine months as a private in Captain Harker's Company, Colonel Rosenkrans' New Jersey Regiment; he enlisted in Warwick, Orange County, New York, May 1 1783, served as a private in Captain Abraham Westfall's Company, Colonel Weisenfiel's New York Regiment and was discharged about January 1, 1793.

From Solomon's service records, we know that he was residing at Pompton, Bergen County, New Jersey about 1780. Solomon named one of his sons Benjamin so the following record of an elder Benjamin Brundage in Pompton bears further research:

Richard Edsall of the County of Sussex [New Jersey], conveyed to William Shaw of the County of Bergen, for \$219, 64-54/100 acres strict measure in the Township of Pompton, beginning N side of a small steep hill at S side of the Greenwood, at N corner of Benjamin Brundage's House; mentioned pond known as the little pond. Signed by Richard Edsall. Witnessed by Rachel Edsall, Eber heinton [Ebenezer Herrington in affidavit]. (19 January 1805; recorded 2 July 1805, *Bergen County Deeds V. 204*, as abstracted by Pat Wardell [1998])

Solomon Brundage and Mary Collins were married by a Presybterian Minister but their eldest son was baptized by a Methodist-Episcopal minister of the Newburgh Circuit on 26 September 1789. The baptismal record for "Isaac Johnson Broudeg" is one of the earliest found in the *Record of baptisms, marriages and members concerning Newburgh Circuit of the Methodist Episcopal Church 1789-1836* (FHL 529187, Item 4); before 1789, the Newburgh Circuit was part of the East Jersey Circuit. As will be shown further below, Solomon Brundage was identified as a Methodist at the time of his death. In the Newburgh Circuit records, a "Solomon Brundag" (*sic*) was baptized at New Windsor, New York on 9 September 1792 by Methodist-Episcopal Circuit Minister James Campbell but it is unclear if this record pertains to an adult baptism for our primary subject of interest or an infant baptism.

In the 1790 Federal census, the household of Solomon Brundage was enumerated in New Cornwall, Orange County, New York between those of John McCay and Benjamin Ketcham.

In 1684 the first permanent settlement was made in Cornwall. In the ensuing 50 years, English and Scotch families came to the fertile tableland above the river meadows naming it "New Cornwall" because of its marked similarity to the terrain of Cornwallshire, England. (*Cornwall Information*, <<http://www.cornwallnychamberofcommerce.org>>)

In 1764, when the precinct of New Cornwall was set off from the precinct of Goshen, it comprised not only Cornwall as it now stands, but also the present

towns of Monroe, Woodbury, Highlands, Blooming Grove, Hamptonbury and Chester... It is known that the Clark and Sands families were among the first to settle here (*Cornwall Historical Information*, <<http://www.cornwallnychamberofcommerce.org>>).

Based on census and other records cited above and below, one would also likely conclude that Solomon and Mary consistently resided in Orange County, New York from 1790 through 1820. However, in 1880, Solomon's grandson, Benjamin Collins Brundage, informed the federal census taker that both of his parents had been born in New Jersey. Benjamin Collins Brundage's father, Benjamin S. Brundage, was born in 1793. As noted above, Solomon and Mary had their eldest child baptized in the Newburgh Circuit of the Methodist Episcopal Church; however, no baptismal records were found in those records for the remainder of their children. So, perhaps Solomon and Mary were residing in New Jersey before their second child was born on 22 August 1791. However, Benjamin Collins Brundage may simply have been mistaken about his father's birthplace. Solomon had connections to New Jersey through his military service and perhaps through his family. As will be discussed further below, there is also a possibility that Mary's mother, or paternal grandmother, was a native of New Jersey. may have been born during a visit to family or friends residing in New Jersey. As will be shown next, the Brundage family resided in New Windsor in 1800 yet none of the children born after this date were baptized in the Newburgh Methodist Episcopal Circuit. Mary was presumably of Presybeterian heritage so perhaps some of the children were baptized in that faith.

In the 1800 Federal Census, the household of Solomon Brundage was enumerated in the Town of New Windsor, Orange County, New York between those of John McConnell and Angus McKay.

In the "1801 Assessment Roll for the Town of Newburgh," Solomon Brundage was documented as a resident with no real estate and just \$14 worth of personal estate; he occupied property owned by Sands Belknap; his immediate neighbors were Samuel Burr (a tenant of the late John M. Lean) and Sands Belknap (who owned his property along with the late Sam Gindney [*sic*, undoubtedly Gidney]). That same year in Newburgh, Uriah "Brundrage" was assessed \$.09 in tax for \$30 of personal estate that he had as the occupant of land owned by John Snider.

A somewhat confusing deed, apparently recorded long after the actual transaction, indicates that Solomon Brundage entered into a deed to purchase property in Newburgh from Thomas and Rebecca (___) Woolsey on 1 September 1804 for \$50 and executed the deed on 10 May 1807 but the deed was not recorded until 26 April 1854, long after Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage were both deceased (Orange County, New York Deeds, 128:406).

It was not until 1854 that another deed was recorded by which Solomon's youngest son, Alexander D.N. Brundage, purchased one acre for a \$1 on 9 February 1847 from Solomon's eldest son, Isaac Brundage; George A.W. Clark; David L. Sherwood and Abbey Ann his wife; and James B.B. Watkins, all of Orange County and apparently heirs of Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage (Orange County, New York Deeds, 128:79). This property is referred to "as contained in a deed from Thomas Woolsley to Solomon Brundage dated Sept. 1, 1812 [*sic*]" and was bounded by the property of Thomas Woolsley, Owen McGahey, David Niven's mills, and Eleazar Gidney.

In the 1810 Federal Census, the household of Solomon Brundage was enumerated in Newburgh, Orange County between those of George Westlake and Eleazar Gidney.

In the 1820 Federal Census, the household of Solomon Brundage was enumerated in Newburgh, Orange County between those of Eleazar Gidney and John Fitzpatrick.

Solomon Brundage is cited several times in the Road Tax lists found within the *Town of Newburgh Records 1803-1838*. Here is an introduction to these records with abstracts of the relevant excerpts immediately following:

Road Taxes Keeping the roads and bridges in passable condition was considered to be the responsibility of those the roads served. Therefore, road taxes were levied on residents rather than only on landowners—widows, grown

sons living at home, hired hands, and renters were all listed in the road tax rolls. The unit of measurement was that of "a day's labor" which could be worked off, commuted to cash, or otherwise abated. Residents with large tracts of land were tallied as owing more days of labor than hired hands or tenants. And someone whose land took in roads in more than one District was listed in all Districts he was considered to have the benefit of.

In 1807, in Road District No. 3 of Newburgh, "[Solomon] [Brundiger]" was assessed seven days of labor for road maintenance as a road tax; his immediate neighbors, George Devoll and George Wall were each assessed just one day of labor.

In 1808, in Road District No. 3, "Solomon Bundidge" was assessed for only two days of labor, while his neighbors George Devall and J. Finley were assessed one and two days respectively.

On 20 April 1809, in Road District No. 3, District, "Solomon Brundidge" was assessed 23 [*sic*, probably 2 or 3) days while his neighbors, George Devoll and Andrew Penton, were assessed just one and four days respectively.

In April 1811, in Road District No. 3, "Solomon Brundidge" was assessed for two days of labor while his neighbors, George Westlake and Joseph Devoll, were assessed eight and two days respectively.

In 1812, in Road District No 3, the days assessed for "Solaman Brundage" and his neighbors, George Westlake and Joseph Duvall, were the same as those assessed the year prior. Elsewhere in Road District No 3, Uriah Brundage and Johnathan [*sic*] Brundage were each assessed a single day of labor.

Districts of Roads Altered April 19th 1813

No 3 Beginning at the North bounds of the Corporation North of John Brown's Stone House then westerly by the North bounds of Henry Millers land including the road by Eleazar Gidney's Mill to William Wilson Junr the road from the house lately owned by Sands Belknap to the West bounds of the Corporation by Solomon Brundages and the Road from Walters old place to Belknaps Saw Mill

[Road District] No 3
 Eleazar Gidney 15 [days]
 Solomon Brunidge [*sic*] 2 [days]
 Stephen Watkins 1 [days]

Records provided above suggest that Solomon was a man of somewhat limited means and that he was negligent about having deeds recorded for what property he did own. Perhaps then it is not too surprising that he apparently left no will and that Mary and his other heirs did not settle his affairs within the Orange County court system. Consequently, there are no known probate records that state when and where he died.

In Mary's sworn testimony to secure Solomon's pension, it was recorded, "That her said husband died on the eleventh day of August in the year 1831 at said town of Newburgh." In contrast to this testimony, a copy of an old letter appears to indicate that Solomon actually died on 7 September 1831 at 11:15 pm:

Fayetteville
 11th Sept. 1831

Dear Brother,

I am under the painful necessity of informing you that our dear Father is no more.

He fell over in his chair from the table on Wednesday evening 24th August. I did not think him in danger though he did not stand on his feet. I discovered on the 7th that mortification had taken place and at 15 minutes past 11 P.M. he breathed his last without a struggle or groan, he appeared perfectly resigned. I caused his mortal remains to be taken to the meeting house and a sermon preached, Methodist of course. My loss is great for he was a great deal of company. My wife, self and Lottie "daughter" comprised the mourners. How small for the father of such a numerous offsprings. His venerable head is lain at a distance from his family and after I leave this part, which I mean shall be soon, there will be none to hunt out the spot. Shall write before this day. If the Friends will cast their mite I will get stone prepared that will show the spot should any of the family wish to visit this grave.

Your affectionate brother,
I. Brundage

The hand-written letter from which the above text was transcribed was not the original letter, as evidenced by a relatively modern style of handwriting and line-ruled paper. Errors in transcription or interpretation may have been introduced as the letter was copied from the original. However, the use of past tense wording, "*I discovered on the 7th that mortification had taken place,*" supports the conclusion that Solomon actually died on 7 September 1831, rather than 11 August. The letter was probably sent to Solomon's son, Benjamin Brundage, who was already residing in Greenwood, Steuben County, New York; Solomon's son John did not move to Greenwood until 1840.

In her pension testimony, Mary stated "*that from old age & infirmity she is unable to attend the sitting of the Court of Common Pleas of said county as the Court House is twenty miles from her residence.*" Given her advanced age and the stress of testifying in court, perhaps Mary unintentionally made some errors. Not wishing to heighten Mary's anxiety by correcting her in front of the judge or risk securing the pension, perhaps Alexander partially corroborated her statements with some hesitant wording: "*...that he knows that his said father Solomon Brundage died in the year 1831 & from the best of deponents recollection on the eleventh day of August in said year*" without commenting on the location of Solomon's death.

If we accept the fact that Mary misstated Solomon's death date, we must also allow the possibility that she misstated the place of his death. Although this letter may provide Solomon Brundage's actual date of death, it introduces other troubling discrepancies in contrast to Mary's testimony that are not easily resolved:

- Mary identified Newburgh, Orange County, New York as the place of Solomon's death, yet the letter was apparently composed in Fayetteville. Fayetteville is located in upstate central New York in Manlius Township, Onondaga County, near Syracuse. Mary was not identified among the mourners in the letter and there is no known grave marker for Solomon adjacent to Mary's in Newburgh.
- "I. Brundage" is presumably Solomon Brundage's eldest son, Isaac. However, there is no other evidence to indicate that he ever left the Hudson River Valley and he is almost certainly the Isaac Brundage who resided in Marlborough, Ulster County, New York in the 1830 Federal Census and Isaac was identified as a resident of Ulster County in the settlement of his mother's estate in 1846.
- Solomon Brundage's son, John, resided in LaFayette Township, Onondaga County, New York in the 1830 Federal Census and remained there until at least 1838. In the 1830 Federal Census, his household included one male, age 70-80. One might be tempted to substitute "Fayetteville" for "LaFayette" and "J. Brundage" for "I. Brundage"; however, John had no known daughter named "Lottie" but at least five children by 1831.

In October 1839, Mary Brundage of Newburgh purchased 1.6 acres of land in Newburgh from John W. and Elizabeth (___) Knevels of Fishkill, Dutchess County, New York. The boundaries of this property ran northwest along the road from Limestone Hill [which ran through the Glebe, outside of the Village, and is now called Gidney Avenue] to the Hudson River and southwest along the road to the lands "late of the Solomon Brundage" and along his line and along the "line of the Glebe." This deed was not recorded until 1849. (Orange County, New York Deeds 99:59)

On 1 November 1839, "Mary Brundig" of the Village of Newburgh, as the third party, paid "John Knevels now of Fishkill," as the second party, \$100 and also the Trustees of "the Glebe Land" on the German Patent in the Village of Newburgh, as the first party, \$1 for a 900-year lease of property "being part of said tract called the Glebe land." The boundaries described run from Limestone Hill to the Nevin Farm on the west side of the Glebe land then north along the Glebe line to the heirs of Elizer Gidney and east to the road between Newburgh and Gardenertown. Mary was to pay an annual lease of \$1.25 thereafter; she made her mark to this transaction which was not recorded until 1849. (Orange County, New York Deeds, 101:257)

In 1840, Pensioner Benjamin H. Eaton, age 77, resided in the household of Mary Brundage of Newburg [*sic*], Orange County, New York (*1840 Census of Pensioners Revolutionary or Military Services*). Also in 1840, Pensioner Benjamin Eaton, age 78, resided in the household of Jonathan Eaton of Urbana, Steuben County, New York. Whether or not these records might actually pertain to the same man or closely related men is unknown but this potential connection between Orange and Steuben Counties in the same areas in which the Brundages lived caught my attention and may merit further research. A Benjamin Easton resided at New Windsor (then Ulster, now) Orange County, New York, as recorded in 1790 Federal Census. During the 1790s, an Alexander Eaton reportedly resided in Minisink, Orange County, New York and had sons named Benjamin, Robert and Alexander.

Mary (Collins) Brundage died in October 1845; on 12 November 1846, her heirs were summoned to appear before the Surrogate of Orange County in Newburgh for the probate of her will:

...it appears that Charles Watkins, George Alexander Clark, Theodore Fish Clark, and Emily Ann wife of Thomas Edgely are infants and heirs at law and the next of kin of said deceased... To Alexander Brundage of Newburgh (*sic*) Orange County, Abigail wife of Daniel Sherwood and Emery Watkins town of New Windsor in said county, Joseph F. Whelan of the town of Montgomery in said county Special Guardian of Charles Watkins, George Alexander Clark, Theodore Fish Clark and Emily Ann wife of Thomas Edgely; John Watkins, Martha Emeline Armstrong [Watkins], and Mary wife of Augustus Ely of the city of New York, Isaac Brundage of Ulster County, Benjamin Brundage and John Brundage of the county of Steuben the next of kin of Mary Brundage late of the town of Newburgh

In the name of God Amen. I, Mary Brundage of the town of Newburgh in the county of Orange and State of New York, being weak in body but sound in mind memory and understanding do hereby make and declare this to be my last Will and Testament and form following to wit

First I leave and bequeath the farm or freehold estate whereon I live and reside in said town, county & state aforesaid to my sons Isaac Brundage, Alexander Brundage, and my daughter Abigail Sherwood & my grandson Charles Watkins to be divided equally when disposed of except one third of my sons Alexr^s dividend which I will to his daughter Mary Elizabeth Brundage my grand-daughter. and I will one half of my daughter Abigail Sherwood's dividend to my grandson William [Homer?] Kelly and the other half to him after her decease.

Secondly. I will the sum of Five dollars to my son Benjamin Brundage and a like sum of five dollars to my son John Brundage to be paid out of said farm

by my Executors. Thirdly. I leave and bequeath all my personal property to the heirs of my daughter Patty Watkins deceased to be divided equally except my best feather bed bedstead bedding &c which I will and bequeath to my grand daughter Martha Emeline Armstrong Watkins over and above her equal dividend of said personal property.

Fourthly. I will and desire that my just and lawful debts funeral charges &c be paid out of said estate and my will is that all the foregoing property both real and personal shall be disposed of within one year after my decease if practicalls (*sic*) and paid over to the several legatees by my Executor herein after mentioned.

And finally I nominate constitute and appoint Alexander Johnston to be my Executor of this my last Will and Testament revoking all former Wills and Testaments made by me. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and Seal this 28th day of may in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty five.

Signed sealed and declared by the testor Mary Brundage to be her last Will and Testament in the presence of us who at her request and her presence an in the presence of each other have subscribed our names as witnesses

Pedro Leon of town of NewBurgh County of Orange NY
David D. Leon town of NewBurgh County of Orange NY

Codicil to the foregoing Will

Whereas I Mary Brundage of the town of NewBurgh in the county of Orange and state of New York have made and duly executed my last Will and Testament in writing bearing date the 28th day of May. Now I do hereby declare the present writing to be a codicil to my said Will, and direct the same to be annexed thereto and taken as a part thereof. Where as in the second clause in it my said Will I did devise and bequeath to my son John the sum of Five dollars, therefore I now will and bequeath to him my said son John an additional sum of twenty five dollars, out of my real estate when disposed of

And I also order that this dividend which I have bequeathed to my son Isaac shall be paid to him in instalments [*sic*] at the discretion of my Executor after my estate shall have been sold

Signed sealed and declared by the above named Mary Brundage to be a codicil to her last Will and Testament in the presence of us who at her request in her presence and in the presence of each other have subscribed our names as witnesses

Pedro Leon of town of NewBurgh County of Orange NY
David D. Leon town of NewBurgh County of Orange NY

The will of Mary Brundage was recorded in N:327. As documented in C:316, the assets of her estate, at \$56.18 in personal inventory and \$210.00 in the sale of real estate, were eclipsed by the liabilities including \$171.49 in funeral expenses, \$70.93 in personal debts and a commission of \$12.57.

Inherited typescript family records, possibly with errors perpetuated from the original source or introduced during copying, provide a death date of 12 October 1848 for Mary; however, as detailed above, her estate was settled in 1846. No doubt, the following grave marker transcription from the West Section (No. V) in the Old Town Burying Ground of Newburgh (*A Record of the Inscriptions in the Old Town Burying Ground of Newburgh, N.Y.*, [Historical Society of Newburgh Bay & the Highlands: 1898]) belongs to her:

In memory of Mary Brundige,
who departed this life Oct 6, 1845,

aged 78 yrs, 6 mos
*When every pain and every joy is o'er
 The fortune, age, disease, can wound no more;
 Virtues like hers with radiant luster glow,
 And breath refulgent though the clouds of woe.*

Pedro Leon (22 February 1789—13 September 1853) and his wife, Frances "Fanny" H. are also buried in the Old Town Bury Ground in Newburgh. Pedro Leon resided in Newburgh as early as 1812, when he was identified as a resident of District No 2 when "Solamon Brundage" was identified as a resident of District No 3.

RESEARCH NOTES ON THE ORIGINS OF SOLOMON AND MARY (COLLINS) BRUNDAGE

While researching Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage, I have encountered numerous associations with members of the Gidney, Purdy, Belknap, Sands and Ketcham families.

Solomon Brundage's neighbor in Newburgh, Eleazar⁵ Gidney (*Eleazar*^{4:3-2-1}), was born in Newburgh on 3 September 1758 and died there 9 April 1830; he was the son of Eleazar⁴ and Levinah (Purdy) Gidney and married Mary Belknap, who was born in Newburgh on 17 June 1762 (David A. Blocher, "Family of Legends (and The Unknown)," WorldConnect database at RootsWeb.com). Levinah (Purdy) Gidney was the daughter of Samuel⁴ Purdy Jr. (*Samuel*³, *Joseph*², *Francis*¹) and thus a descendant of John¹ Brundish, whose daughter, Mary Elizabeth Brundage married Francis¹ Purdy. Numerous Gidneys, including an Eleazar "In the Manor of Scaresdale [*sic*]," and Purdys are listed in the 1763 List of Freeholders in Westchester County, New York, along with numerous Brundages.

Solomon Brundage's landlord in Newburgh, Sands Belknap (*Jonathan, Thomas*), was the son of Jonathan and Mary (Sands) Belknap and he married Margaret McLaughlin (Frank Pardee Lewis, *Randall Lewis of Hopkinton, Rhode Island and Delaware County, New York and some of his descendants*, [Seattle, Aurgus Press, 1929], 71). Among the siblings of Mary⁴ (Sands) Belknap (*Samuel*³⁻², *James*¹), Samuel Sands married Mercy Gedney [*sic*, probably Gidney] and Thomas Sands married Mary Ketcham (Scott Stewart, "Selleck Research," WorldConnect database at RootsWeb.com). Like Solomon Brundage, Sands Belknaps also had ties to New Windsor:

Jonathan [Belknap was the] son of Thomas... Thomas, Benjamin and Samuel Belknap were the first generation of the Belknaps who came here from Massachusetts... The early historians say that Thomas and Benjamin settled in New Windsor but they do not tell us where. As Thomas bought thirteen lots of the Baird patent from his brother Samuel and lived there, that places him in [the] town of Newburgh. But his children Thomas, Sarah, Joseph and John lived in New Windsor, that is, in Little Britain, and his son Jonathan did too for a while... Jonathan Belknap's house was north of The Square on Silver Stream Ave. in [the] town of Newburgh. We claim him among the Little Britain Belknaps because his house was just like his cousin Isaac's, and because he lived for a while in New Windsor... Jonathan evidently came to New Windsor to live for at the New Windsor Precinct meeting [in] 1789 it was voted that... a committee for superintending the building a pound at Jonathan Belknap's. His stay was short, for in the first census, 1790, he is listed in [the] town of Newburgh... Jonathan Belknap did not have much property to leave to his family but he made a will April 14, 1817. He divided his money among his children and added "Also my wright [*sic*] in the New Windsor Meeting House to be divided equally between Sands, Mary, Marcy and granddaughter Mary." (Margaret V.S. Wallace, "'BIG' Little Britain" *The Belknaps of the Twin Houses*," *Orange County Post* [17 October 1868], 18)

Among the descendants of John¹ Brundish, there is no known Solomon born earlier than the subject of our interest Consequently, one wonders how the given name, *Solomon*, may have been

introduced into the Brundage family. William⁵ Brundage/Brundige (*Joseph*^{4,3}, *John*²⁻¹), son of Joseph⁴ and Elizabeth (Jennings) Brundage, married Anna⁵ Purdy, daughter of Solomon⁴ Purdy (*Daniel*³, *Francis*²⁻¹) and Elizabeth⁴ Sherwood (*Joseph*³, *Stephen*², *Thomas*¹). The birth of Solomon Brundage on 29 August 1763 falls neatly between the births of William's known eldest known children, Anna Brundage on 24 August 1762 and William Brundage on 1 October 1764. Like Solomon Brundage, "Solomon Purdy Junr" appears in the 1813 Road Tax List for Newburgh; he was probably Solomon⁵ Purdy (b. Westchester Co., NY 1732; d. Marlborough, Ulster Co., NY 1826) (*Solomon*⁴, *Daniel*³, *Francis*²⁻¹) or else his son, Solomon⁶, who was born in 1759. Also, one of Solomon Brundage's daughters married a Sherwood (connection to Elizabeth (Sherwood) Purdy unknown). Despite all of these tantalizing associations, William Brundige's will is one of the sources cited in *A Brundage Family Genealogy* so he can be ruled out as a candidate for Solomon Brundage's father.

On 6 January 1789, Joseph Collins of the Precinct of Cornwall made his will; it was proved on 17 April 1790 (Orange County Wills, A:88). Joseph named "my loving wife Abigail" as an executrix; he made reference to "my children" without naming them except in reference to a grandson, "James son of my daughter Sarah" (a minor). Jeremiah Clark, Esq. and Cornwell Sands also served as executors; Samuel Ketcham of New Cornwall was a witness, along with Robert Waddell and Jacob Van Duzer. The only deed recorded before 1800 for any grantee named Collins in Orange County was for Joseph Collins in 1792; the grantor was Samuel Ketcham, presumably the same man who witnessed his will (Grantee Index to Orange County, New York Deeds 1703-1869, citing E:101 [not reviewed]). Having grandfather status in 1789, Joseph Collins was probably born before 1747 and perhaps long before then.

Based on the facts that Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage resided in New Cornwall in 1790 and they named one of their daughters *Abigail* it is not unreasonable to speculate that Mary may have been one of the unspecified children of Joseph and Abigail (___) Collins. Joseph Collins was residing in the Precinct of Cornwall during the American Revolution:

A List of Persons who, in 1775, signed the [Revolutionary Articles of] Association in Cornwall, embracing Cornwall, Bloominggrove and Monroe:

...
I. Vandusen, 3d,
Joseph Collings [*sic*]
Thos. Collings [*sic*]
Nathan Birchard

...
(Samuel W. Eager, Esq., *History of Orange County* [Newburgh: S.T. Callahan; 1846-7])

An Abigail Collins died at Newburgh in 1824, reportedly "age 100" and a native of New Jersey. Although it was common for the elderly to exaggerate their ages in order to obtain the honor of centenarian status, she was probably born before 1734. If "centenarian" Abigail Collins was identical with Abigail, the widow of Joseph Collins, then both of them were probably born before 1734, leaving open the possibility that they were the *grandparents*, rather than the *parents*, of Mary (Collins) Brundage who was born in 1768. Much more research is needed to confirm or refute these interdependent speculations!

"From the Cornwall records and from the names attached to the Revolutionary Articles of Association, we mention a few who were probably living on the territory of the present Town of Highlands..... Thomas Collins lived in Highlands, on the Bergh property. Joseph Collins is also mentioned." (Note - Art. of Assoc. signed in 1775.) Hmmmm... (Bill Brundage, correspondence)

At a meeting of the freeholders and inhabitants of the precinct of Cornwall, in the county of Orange, on the first Tuesday in April 1765, at the house of John

Brewster in Bloominggrove, pursuant to an act of the Lieutenant Governor, Council and General Assembly of the Province of New York for that purpose... Voted... Overseer of the road... Benjamin Strong, from the Meeting house to Adams Collins' and to the new School house... (Samuel W. Eager, Esq., *History of Orange County* [Newburgh: S.T. Callahan; 1846-7])

Adam Collins of Blooming Grove, New Cornwall Precinct, Orange County. Liber 27, page 374. Will dated 1 May 1770; proved 15 Aug 1770; Nephew - Jeremiah Coleman (minor); Mother - mentioned but not named; Brother-in-law - Nathaniel Seeley; Brother - Jacob Gale; Nephew - Samuel Seely; Executor - Nathaniel Seely and friend, Nathaniel Satterly; Witnesses - Nathan Marvin and Coleman Curtice. (*Early Wills of Orange County, New York*)

Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage named their first-born son *Isaac*. An Isaac Collins of Newburgh, Orange County, New York was the instructor of the Warwick Cornet band (*History of Orange County*, p. 519). The following individuals named Collins have been identified in census records of New Windsor: Ann Collins, 1810; James Collings, 1820; James Collins, 8 April 1825. On 23 April 1761, Patrick Collins, an Irish native and 26-year-old laborer, was identified in Capt. James Clinton's Company of Ulster County.

Children (Brundage Family Records, will of Mary (Collins) Brundage):

- i. ISAAC JOHNSON^[7], b. 16 Sep 1789; bapt. 26 Sep 1789 as "Isaac Johnson Broudeg" (Record of baptisms, marriages and members concerning Newburgh Circuit of the Methodist Episcopal Church 1789-1836; FHL 529187, Item 4); resided in Ulster Co., NY in 1846.
- ii. MARTHA "PATTY," b. 22 Aug 1791; d. before 28 May 1845; m. [EMERY] WATKINS, perhaps a son or other kinsman of the Stephen Watkins who resided next to Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage in 1813. Strange as it may seem to the modern reader, *Patty* was a nickname for *Martha*. *Patty* rhymes with a more familiar nickname for *Martha*, *Mattie*, so perhaps the fact that *Bob* and *Rob* endure as nicknames for *Robert* is the best analogy.
Children, surname *Watkins*: 1. *Martha Emeline Armstrong*. 2. *Charles*. 3. *John*.
8. iii. BENJAMIN S., b. [NJ] 19 Sep 1793; m. CHARITY LANNING.
- iv. ELIZA, b. 12 June 1796.
9. v. JOHN, b. Orange Co., NY 16 March 1799; m. JEMIMA KNIGHT.
- vi. ABIGAIL "ABBY" ANN, b. 14 Oct 1801; m. DAVID L. SHERWOOD.
- vii. JANE, b. 14 July 1805.
- viii. ALEXANDER D.N., b. 28 May 1808; m. [MARGARET McDONALD]; member of Capt. Oscar Marsh's Company of Newburgh Volunteers (local militia); discharged at Balmville on 6 Aug 1834; resided in Newburgh, NY in 1846.
Children, surname *Brundage*: 1. *Mary Elizabeth*.

8. BENJAMIN S.^[7] BRUNDAGE (*Solomon*^[6], [*Nathaniel*⁵, *Joseph*⁴⁻³, *John*²], *John*¹), was born, probably in Orange County, New York, but perhaps in [Sussex County], New Jersey (*1880 Federal Census* [birthplace of Benjamin Collins Brundage's father]) on 19 September 1793; he died in Greenwood, Steuben County, New York on 4 October 1861 at 2:30 pm. He was married at Newton, Sussex County, New Jersey on 11 June 1818 to CHARITY⁶ LANNING (*Robert*⁵, *Richard*⁴⁻³⁻², *John*¹). Charity was born in New Jersey on 22 July 1788; she died in Greenwood, New York on 19 June 1857 at 10:30 am. She was the daughter of Robert⁵ and Sarah (Miller) Lanning. They are both buried in the Greenwood Cemetery in Greenwood, New York.

[Benjamin S. and Charity (Lanning) Brundage] came to [Steuben County, New York] and settled in Bath in 1824, removing to Greenwood in 1830... Benjamin S. Brundage, was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1846 (W. Woodford Clayton, *History of Steuben County, New York*, Philadelphia: Lewis, Peck & Co., [1879], hereinafter *Clayton*).

In 1830, Benjamin S. Brundage moved from Bath and erected a carding and cloth dressing factory in Greenwood, in which he did a successful business until its destruction by fire in 1846, when it replaced by the present flouring-mill. Mr. Brundage has been a prominent citizen. Of his seven sons, Robert L. and Benjamin C. are prominent lawyers; Israel M. a successful farmer—he has for several years been supervisor of the town; and John M. Brundage has been justice of sessions (*Clayton*).

The first celebration of the Forth of July in town, was to Cameron Corners. We were quite patriotic at that time. The old Revolution soldiers were not all dead then and they used to be out in force on such occasions and set at the head of the table and have a free dinner. I think Captain John Rogers was a marshal of the day and Benjamin Brundage, orator. We had plenty of martial music, fifes and drums and they knew how to use them for we had to train two or three times a year. Every boy that was 18 years old had to do military duty. We got a nice pole and had it in readiness. We were at a loss what to do, we had no cannon. Finally there was a man by the name of Isaac Pickle, a blacksmith, took a wide piece of iron and doubled it together and brazed it and fastened in a birch pin, made a prime hole, then we took a large piece or block of wood, counter sunk it in the log and loaded it to the muzzle, then we up with our pole and let the stars and stripes float to the breeze. Mr. Brundage gave a toast: Gentlemen we have raised a liberty pole for the sake of the little fun we will make it manifest by firing Pickles gun. We had a good time, all enjoyed it, old and young and at night the young folks had a ball. We danced up stairs, and the roof was low, we had to keep in the center of the building to keep our heads from hitting the rafters, but you had better believe there was decorum there. A good many had moved in from the distant States and some were there for the first time. Each tried to excel in shaking the pigeon wing and keeping scotch time. We had not go to cotillions much then. French four, the eight hand reel and three hands and a half round were our favorites. You ought to have been there and see for yourself. We all felt that we were on trial for good behavior. This was our first Independence ball in town, and young men and women eyed each other close, for at that day if a young man did not pay his bill or got drunk or was caught in some mean trick he was out with the girls, they had to carry themselves straight. Fine clothes and jewelry were of no account then, but the character and public sentiment was strong enough to frown on misconduct. (Dennis McGraw, "Pioneer Life in Greenwood," *Canisteo Times* [July-September 1888])

Benjamin was elected Justice of the Peace in 1837, 1839, 1852, and 1855 (*Clayton*).

Greenwood Mills, built by Benjamin Brundage about 1845, are now owned by G.B. Woodward. They contain three runs of stone and a buckwheat mill. It is run by steam power, as is also the saw mill connected with it (Roberts, *Historical Gazetteer of Steuben County*, hereinafter *Roberts*).

In the 1860 Federal Census for Greenwood, Benjamin Brundage was designated as a "Gentlemen" residing in the household of his son, Israel Morris Brundage.

Died—At Greenwood, June 10th, Mrs. Charity Brundage, wife of Benjamin S. Brundage in the 70th year of her age. (*Steuben Farmer's Advocate* [Bath, New York]; 24 June 1857)

Hon. Benjamin S. Brundage of Greenwood died on the 4th inst aged 67 years. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1842 (*Hornell Tribune*, 7 Nov 1861).

Children:

- i. ROBERT LANING^[8], b. Frankfort, Sussex Co., NJ 29 May 1819; d. 29 Feb 1880; m. [Greenwood], Steuben Co., NY 26 May 1846 HANNAH VAN SICKLE, b. Hunterdon Co., NJ 25 Feb 1823, dau. of Andrew and Eleanor (Melick) Van Sickle (John W. Van Sickle, *A History of the Van Sickle Family in the United States of America*, [Springfield, OH]; 1880)

R.L. Brundage, Esq., settled in Hornellsville, as an attorney and counselor-at-law, in 1846. He was born in Sussex Co., N.J. in May, 1819. ... Mr. Brundage commenced the study of law with Hon. John K. hale, of Hornellsville, in 1840, and in 1846 was admitted to the Supreme Court and to Chancery. In 1852 he was elected to the office of district attorney, and held the office 3 yrs. He continued in active practice until 1866, since which he has been employed as attorney & claim agent for the Erie Railway Company. (*Clayton*)

Children, surname *Brundage*: 1. *Frank*, b. 29 June 1848; d. Hornellsville, NY 14 June 1857 "son of R.L. Brundage in his 9th year," (*Steuben Farmer's Advocate* [Bath, New York]; 24 June 1857). 2. *Ella*, b. ca. 1851; d. 3 Dec 1865.

- ii. BENJAMIN COLLINS, b. Vernon, Sussex Co., NJ 27 Sep 1820; d. Andover, Allegany Co., NY 9 Dec 1895; bur. Hillside Cemetery, Andover, NY. From Benjamin's obituary of 11 December 1895 (Hamilton C. Norris, Editor), we learn:

B.C. Brundage. Benjamin Collins Brundage died at his home in this village [Andover] Monday morning, Dec. 9, 1895. He had been in feeble health for a number of years. Mr. Brundage, son of Benjamin and Charity Brundage, was born in Vernon, Sussex county, Sept. 27th 1820. The family moved from that place to Bath in 1824 and in 1830 to Greenwood. Mr. Brundage attended school at Alfred, later studying law in the office of his brother in Hornellsville. About 1845, Mr. Brundage came to Andover where he opened a law office. In addition to practicing his profession, he followed the business of surveying and made the original surveys of the greater part of the town of Andover, Greenwood, Independence and a part of Alfred. When the Andover State Bank was organized in June, 1894, Mr. Brundage was elected president and continued as such until his death.

The deceased never married and was the last survivor of a family of seven children. His nearest relatives are nephews and nieces as follows: J.M. Brundage, Frank Brundage, Mrs. M.C. Williamson, Miss Belle Brundage, B.S. Brundage, Miss Gene Brundage, all of Andover; M.K. Brundage of Russell, Kan.; and Mrs. Jessie Groff of Canisteo.

Funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon at the house, Rev. G.M. Janes officiating.

- iii. MORRIS STRUBLE, b. Bethlehem, Hunterdon Co., NJ 1822; d. Elk Co., PA 17 May 1852; bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY.
- iv. JOHN HOMER, b. 30 July 1824; d. 28 Feb 1825.
- 10. v. ISRAEL MORRIS, b. Bath, Steuben Co., NY 6 March 1826; m. MARY JANE KRUSEN.
- vi. JOHN MILLER, b. Bath, NY 27 Oct 1827; d. Greenwood, NY 29 March 1886; m. 1 Jan 1851 HARRIET M. REYNOLDS, b. ca. 1826, d. Andover, NY Oct 1907 "age 81" (*obituary*); both bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY; Collector for the Town of Greenwood in 1865 (*Clayton*).

John M. Brundage of Greenwood, Steuben Co., plead guilty before a U.S. Commissioner to selling beer without a government license and is held on \$200 bail for trial. Hiram N. Reynolds, a hotel keeper of the same place, plead not guilty on a similar charge and gave bail to appear for further examination. (*Allegany County Reporter* [12 July 1883]).

Children, surname *Brundage*: 1. *Frank*, b. Greenwood, NY 1855; d. Hornell, NY 11 April 1926; bur. Canisteo, NY; m. Alma Burger, b. 1858, d. 13 Jan 1879, bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY; Trustee of the Universalist Church, Greenwood, NY in 1879 (*Clayton*); resided in Hornell, NY in 1907; pharmacist at the East Main Street Pharmacy in Hornell, NY at the time of his death. 2. *Belle*, b. 30 Nov 1852, d. 1939; bur. Hillside Cemetery, Andover, NY; taught school in Greenwood, NY for 25 years; moved to Andover in 1893; active in the Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church of Andover; charter member of the Board of Trustees of the Andover Free Library (*obituary*).

- vii. ANDREW JACKSON, b. Bath, NY 16 July 1830; d. Fort Bridges (Mudd Lake), UT in route to CA on 30 June 1861; m. 20 Feb 1855 FRANCES A. KELLOGG.

Children, surname *Brundage*: 1. *John Maynard*, b. Green Co., WI 1 Jan 1856; m. (1) Carrie Phinney; m. (2) Mary E. Kirkpatrick. 2. *Marion Kellogg*, b. 1 March 1859.

9. JOHN^[7] BRUNDAGE (*Solomon*^[6], [*Nathaniel*⁵, *Joseph*⁴⁻³, *John*²], *John*¹), was born in Orange County, New York on 16 March 1799; he died at Greenwood, Steuben County, New York on 26 July 1882. He was first married at Newburgh, Orange County, New York on 14 September 1822 to JEMIMA⁶ KNIGHT (*James*⁵, *Phillip*⁴, *Jonathan*³⁻², *Richard*¹). Jemima was born in Dutchess County, New York on 15 July 1801; she died in Greenwood, New York on 9 November 1862 and was buried in the Greenwood Cemetery; she was the daughter of James⁵ and Susannah (Burlingham) Knight of Dutchess County.

John Brundage was married second in 1865 to ELIZABETH HARVEY, born 27 February 1827, died 16 January 1895, buried Anson Brewster Cemetery, Greenwood, New York.

Perhaps he was the John Brundage who resided in Cornwall, Orange County, New York in 1820. In 1830, John resided in Fayetteville, Onondaga County, New York (*Federal Census*).

John Brundage, born March 16, 1799 in Orange County [New York], a builder by trade, and one of the best of his craft in the early days of Greenwood, came from Onondaga County in 1840, and located above Greenwood Village. His wife was Jemima Knight, born July 15, 1801, in Dutchess [*sic*] County [New York], whom he married Sept. 14, 1822 (*Roberts*).

That Jemima (Knight) Brundage was the daughter of James⁵ and Susannah (Burlingham) Knight was deduced from the following evidence assembled in February 2005:

- Jemima (Knight) Brundage was born in Dutchess County on 15 July 1801.
- James Knight was the *only* Knight Head of Household enumerated in the 1790, 1800, 1810 and 1820 Federal Censuses of Dutchess County.
- Susannah (Burlingham) Knight was the daughter of Benjamin and Jemima (____) Burlingham of Dutchess County; Jemima (Knight) Brundage was undoubtedly named in honor of her maternal grandmother.
- James Knight died in 1822, the same year in which John and Jemima (Knight) Brundage were married. Before modern welfare programs, it was common for eligible young women to marry quickly when their father passed away.
- In 1820, James and Susannah (Burlingham) Knight resided in Fishkill; Solomon and Mary (Collins) Brundage resided in Newburgh, Orange County. Susannah was subsequently buried in Fishkill Landing. The local ferry across the Hudson River terminated at Newburgh and Fishkill Landing. If John Brundage and Jemima Knight were not already acquainted prior to her father's death, the ferry would have carried the news and enabled them to meet.
- Robert Knight, presumably a son of James and Susannah (Burlingham), Knight was buried next to Susannah. It seems highly probable that Robert K. Brundage, eldest son of John and Jemima (Knight) Brundage, was named in honor of Robert Knight.

Children, by Jemima Knight:

- i. MARY ANTOINETTE^[8], b. Orange Co., NY 18 Feb 1824.
- ii. ROBERT K., b. Dutchess Co., NY 29 Aug 1825; d. Charleston, PA Oct 1850; m. WELTHA WITMORE.
- iii. CAROLINE E., b. Syracuse, Onondaga Co., NY 10 Aug 1827; m. Greenwood, NY 30 Dec 1848 DANIEL MCGRAW, son of William McGraw; author of "Pioneer Life in Greenwood" (*Canisteo Times* [July-September 1888]).
- iv. WALTER SCOTT, b. Jefferson Co., NY 25 Dec 1828; d. Greenwood, NY 28 Aug 1862; bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY; m. Bath, Steuben Co., NY 31 Dec 1857 ISADORA MORRIS, b. 1838, d. 1920, m. (2) William Spraker. Children, surname *Brundage*: 1. *Caroline Elizabeth*, b. 22 Jan 1859; d. 1939; m. AK 1886 James T. Johnson. 2. *Winfield Scott*, b. Bath, NY 6 Nov 1861; d. Payette, ID 1 Nov 1948; m. (1) 1887 Leatha May Webb, b. 1869, d. 1901; m. (2) Ada Rose (Brandt) Reiger, b. 1873, d. 1965; sheep rancher.
- * v. ADELIN S., b. Onondaga Co., NY 20 Sep 1830; d. Greenwood, NY 10 Feb 1906; m. JOHN⁷ WILLIAMSON (*Abraham*⁶, *John*⁵, *Peter*⁴, *William*³, *Willem*² *Willemsen*, *Willem*¹ *Gerritsen*), b. [(then Sussex, now) Warren County], NJ (*Census Records*) 14 Sep 1819 (*Williamson Bible Records* [hereinafter *WBRs*]), d. Greenwood, Steuben Co., NY 16 Oct 1882 (*WBRs*), son of Abraham⁶ and Sarah (Smith) Williamson; bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY; my direct ancestors; see *Peter Williamson of (then Sussex, now) Warren County, New Jersey* for more information.
- vi. HOMER S., b. Onondaga Co., NY 26 April 1832; d. Greenwood, NY 22 Oct 1886; m. Greenwood, NY 3 July 1856 CATHERINE M.⁷ STEPHENS (*George W.*⁶, *Ezra*⁵, *Joshua*⁴, *Jedediah*³, *Henry*²⁻¹), b. Edgecombsville, Tioga Co., PA 22 April 1836, d. 21 April 1911, dau. of George W.⁶ and Clare (Luce) Stephens; both bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY; carpenter; Collector for the Town of Greenwood 1862 and 1863 (*Clayton*). Children, surname *Brundage*: 1. *Eugene*, b. 24 March 1857; d. 1930; m. 1879 Mary J. "Jennie" Knight, b. 1862, d. 1940; resided in Shongo, Allegany Co., NY in 1911; both bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY. 2.

- George Washington*, b. 2 Nov 1860; m. 1883 Lucinda Mae "May" Brundage, b. ca. 1862, d. 1923, dau. of Lucien and Clarinda (Parshall) Brundage; resided in Greenwood, NY in 1911. 3. *Addie*, b. 1862; d. young. 4. *Mary E.*, b. 1863; d. young. 5. *John Lester*, b. 27 Dec 1864; d. 1951; m. 1885 Flora Jenison; resided in Shongo, NY in 1911. 6. *Ida G.*, b. at Harrison Valley, Potter Co., PA 5 Feb 1872; d. 1947; m. 17 Sep 1889 Samuel S. Pease, b. Greenwood, NY, Oct 1867/68, d. 1952, son of Matthias and Lucinda (Saxton) Pease; bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY. 7. *Grace*, b. Potter Co., PA 18 Oct 1876; m. Emery W. Chilson.
- vii. EDWARD A., b. Onondaga Co., NY 19 Jan 1834; d. 17 Nov 1906; m. (1) Greenwood, NY 31 Dec 1861 LUCRETIA WALLACE, d. 13 Oct 1865 age "29y 8m", bur. West Union Cemetery, Town of West Union, Steuben Co., NY; m. (2) NANCY BESSE WALLACE, b. 25 March 1840; d. 28 Dec 1922; settled in Heppner, WI in 1879.
 Children, by Lucretia Wallace, surname *Brundage*: 1. *Jay*, d. 29 April 1872 age "6-9-27"; bur. West Union Cemetery, West Union, NY. 2. *Walter S.*, b. NY 1863; d. 1906.
 Child, by Nancy Besse Wallace, surname *Brundage*: 3. *Emma*, b. NY 1868; d. 1926.
- viii. LUCIEN W., b. Onondaga Co., NY 23 Feb 1836.
- ix. LUCIEN W., b. Onondaga Co., NY 29 March 1838; d. 1 May 1892; m. Greenwood, NY 1 Sep 1861 CLARINDA R. PARSHALL, b. Andover, NY 25 Nov 1841, d. Perry, NY 19 Feb 1929, dau. of Amasa and Jane (___) Parshall; both bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY.

Greenwood—L.H. Goff has purchased the farm occupied by L.W. Brundage. He is interested in taking possession immediately (*Canisteo Times* [25 March 1886]).

Greenwood—Lucien Brundage is building an addition to his house (*Canisteo Times* [2 Dec 1886]).

Children, surname *Brundage*: 1. *Lucinda Mae "May,"* b. ca. 1862; d. 1923; m. 1883 George Washington Brundage, b. 2 Nov 1860, son of Homer S. and Catherine M. (Stephens) Brundage. 2. *Lena*, m. Frank Langworthy; resided in Plainfield or Bloomfield, NJ in 1929. 3. *Lottie*, b. 27 June 1867; d. 1 Feb 1950; m. 1891 Claude B. Blowers; resided in Perry, NY in 1929. 4. *Fanny*, b. 1880; m. E.R. Langworthy; resided in Geneva, IL or Lima, OH in 1929. 5. *LeRoy*, b. Greenwood, NY 5 July 1875; m. 1 June 1909 Grace Mary Williams, b. Wellsville, NY 29 June 1887, d. Wellsville, NY 10 March 1974, dau. of Adam and Mary (Driscoll) Williams; resided in Andover, NY in 1929. 6. *Arthur*, d. young.

Child, by Elizabeth Harvey, surname *Brundage*:

- x. MELVIN, b. Greenwood, NY 31 March 1867; bur. Anson Brewster Cemetery, Greenwood, NY.

10. ISRAEL MORRIS^[8] BRUNDAGE (*Benjamin S.*^[7], *Solomon*^[6], [*Nathaniel*⁵, *Joseph*⁴⁻³, *John*², *John*¹], was born in Bath, Steuben County, New York on 6 March 1826. He died in Greenwood, Steuben County, New York on 1 January 1871. He was married, probably in Greenwood, New York, on 9 May 1858 to MARY JANE⁸ KRUSEN (*Francis*⁷, *Derrick/Richard*⁶, *Francis*⁵, *Derrick*⁴, *Francis*³, *Derrick*², *Garret*¹). Mary Jane was born in Greenwood, New York on 19 February 1833; she died at the home of her daughter, Jessie (Brundage) Groff, in Canisteo, Steuben County, New

York on 19 October 1916. She was the daughter of Francis⁷ and Charity (Richey) Krusen. They are both buried in Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, New York.

During their years together, Israel and Mary Jane lived just north of the village of Greenwood. The Brundage farm was the property now owned by the family of my cousin, George Miner¹⁰ Williamson (*Ordo*⁹, *George Miner*⁸, *Elias*⁷, *Abraham*⁶, *John*⁵, *Peter*⁴, *William*³, *Willem*² *Willemsen*, *Willem*¹ *Gerritsen*). This charming old Greek Revival farmhouse sits on the west side of Route 248 just north of its intersection with Route 417. The mill of Israel's father, Benjamin, was reportedly located across the road from the house. No doubt, Israel inherited the farm and the mill from Benjamin.

...Maud, the daughter of Merritt C. and Cora C. (Brundage) Williamson. Her maternal grandfather, Israel Brundage, owned what was known as the Old Brundage Mill (flour and lumber), at Greenwood, eventually selling this to [Maud's] paternal grandfather, John Williamson. (William M. Stuart, *Who's Who in Steuben*)

In 1860, Israel's and Mary Jane's household included their baby daughter, Cora; Israel's father, Benjamin; Farm Laborer Frances Freeland; and Mary Jane's sister, Sarah Ann, working as a Domestic.

Israel was elected Supervisor of Greenwood in 1860, 1862, 1863 and 1870. He served as Master of Sentinel Lodge No. 151 in Greenwood in 1862 and 1864.

Following Israel's death in 1871, Mary Jane persevered alone on the farm. In 1874, Jane's brother-in-law, John Miller Brundage, acted on her behalf to secure payment of a note from Aiden⁷ Miner. Aiden Miner was also a direct ancestor of mine and he was no stranger to litigation. John threatened to involve his brother, "prominent lawyer" Robert Laning Brundage:

Mr. Aiden Miner

Dear Sir

There is due on that old [note] of Israel \$765 & I Must have the Mony immediately to pay fer some Hay that Jane has bought If not paid I shall have to get Robert to [*illegible*] the Money & take your bill and collect.

JM Brundage

By 2 February 1880, Mary Jane had given up the farm; Elias Williamson, Aiden Miner's son-in-law, had taken over the property:

... Olive [Miner] was married to Elias Williamson in the fall of 1854. He is now a well-to-do farmer, and lumber dealer living about two miles north of Greenwood village... (newspaper clipping on fiftieth wedding anniversary of Aiden⁷ and Susan A. (Smith) Miner, 2 Feb 1880)

In 1880, Mary Jane was residing between the household of her daughter and son-in-law, Merritt and Cora Charity (Brundage) Williamson, and that of Merritt's parents, John and Adeline S. (Brundage) Williamson. At some point, Mary Jane moved into the village of Greenwood. Nothing remains of this home which was situated on the east side of Main Street immediately south of the home now owned by her great-granddaughter, Janette (Streeter) Cornell. As a child in the 1880s, Mary Jane's granddaughter, Mary (Williamson) Streeter, played under the ancient Chestnut tree that still stands near the street. Following Mary Jane's ownership, the house was acquired by the Odd Fellows and used as a lodge. It fell into disrepair and was later razed when Janette acquired the property. Mary Jane's descendants are very fortunate to have some four-generation photographs of Mary Jane (Krusen) Brundage, Cora Charity (Brundage) Williamson, Mary (Williamson) Streeter, and Calla Janette (Streeter) Cornell.

Mrs. Mary Jane Brundage

The remains of Mrs. Mary Jane Brundage were taken to Greenwood cemetery for interment Sunday afternoon, beside those of her husband, Israel Brundage, who died at Greenwood about 45 years ago. Mrs. Brundage was one of the pioneers of the town of Greenwood, having been born on the farm now owned by Freeman S. Rogers, sr., 83 years ago the 19th day of February last. She was the daughter of Francis and Charity Krusen and was the oldest of a family of seven children, only two of whom are now living, Mrs. Alfred Bess of Greenwood and Albert Krusen of Ulysses, Pa. She was married to Israel M. Brundage in 1659 [*sic*, 1858], and from the time of their marriage until Mr. Brundage's death 12 years later they resided on the Brundage farm just north of Greenwood, the farm to this day being familiarly known throughout this region as the Israel Brundage farm.

After Mr. Brundage's death, Mrs. Brundage with her four small children continued to occupy the farm for a number of years, Mrs. Brundage bravely taking up the management and care of the same, as well as looking after the care and education of her family. Later she lived for a number of years in the village of Greenwood and then moved from there to Andover, where she had lived up until the time of her death. She is survived by her four children: Mrs. M.C. Williamson of Greenwood, B.S. Brundage of Andover, Mrs. A.M. Groff of Canisteo and Mrs. P.M. Swink of Andover.

Though always very active and industrious and never idle, she kept hale and hearty up to within a short time of her death which occurred while she was on visit to her daughter, Mrs. Groff in this village, on the 18th day of October. Within the last few weeks Mrs. Brundage has pieced and lined a silk quilt for each of her great grandsons, William G. Kellogg, jr., and Malcolm Brundage, as token of the love and thoughtfulness she has always shown for all her family and friends, as well as an indication of their remarkable energy and industry.

Mrs. Brundage early became a member of the Universalist church, in which faith she continued to the time of her death. She was highly esteemed by all and leaves a host of friends in Greenwood, Andover and Canisteo who will deeply miss her and mourn her loss.

Children, all born in Greenwood, Steuben County, New York:

- * ii. CORACHARITY^[9], b. 27 Jan 1860; d. Greenwood, NY 1932; m. 4 July 1877 her second cousin, MERRITT CLARENCE⁸ WILLIAMSON (*John⁷, Abraham⁶, John⁵, Peter⁴, William³, Willem² Willemsen, Willem¹ Gerritsen*), b. [Greenwood, Steuben Co.], NY 4 Sep 1851; d. Greenwood, NY 10 Nov 1928, son of John⁷ and Adeline S. (Brundage) Williamson, Adeline was the daughter of John Brundage (*Solomon, ..., John¹*); both d. at the home of their eldest daughter, Maud (Williamson) Kellogg; bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Greenwood, NY. My direct ancestors; see *Peter Williamson of (then Sussex, now) Warren County, New Jersey* for more information.
- iii. BENJAMIN S., b. 26 Oct 1861; d. at his residence in Andover, Allegany Co., NY on 19 Feb 1939 at 8:00 a.m.; bur. Valley Brook Cemetery, Andover, NY; m. (1) 1884 JENNIE WILLIAMSON, b. Cameron, Steuben Co., NY 1864, d. Andover, NY 30 June 1895; dau. of W.C. Williamson; m. (2) before 1898 SOPHIA MCLOUGHLIN, b. ca. 1872, d. Fort Worth, TX March 1922, dau. of John McLoughlin; m. (3) 3 June 1903 ROXANNA BUNDY, b. 19 Aug 1870, d. Andover 6 June 1937; bur. Valley Brook cemetery, dau. Herbert and Henrietta (Fulmer) Bundy.

B.S. BRUNDAGE PASSES FROM LIFE SUNDAY MORNING.
Prominent in Andover Business, Civic and Fraternal Circles for many years. Benjamin S. Brundage passed from life at his home on Center

Street at 8 o'clock Sunday morning Feb. 19, 1939, following an illness of about a year's duration. Mr. Brundage was born in Greenwood Oct. 26, 1861, the son of Israel and Mary Jane Krusen Brundage. He grew to manhood in Greenwood, where he conducted a drug store in partnership with Dr. Williamson and received his license as a pharmacist about 55 years ago.

In 1898 he came to Andover and entered the employ of A.M. Burrows as a clerk in the Burrows Department store. A few years later he purchased the drug stock of Dr. Stillman and started in business for himself. Later, in partnership with C.T. Rogers, the firm of Brundage and Rogers, purchased the C.J. Varsdrug store, corner of Main and Greenwood streets, which they operated until the building burned. After the fire, Mr. Rogers withdrew and Mr. Brundage formed the Brundage Drug Co., at its present location on Main street which he had since operated. Because of ill health he sold his drug stock to Everett Clair about a year ago, but continued to handle the paint and wall paper business.

All through the years he has been prominent in Andover civic and fraternal circles, having served for a number of terms on the village board, both as trustee and president. He also gave unsparingly of his time to Andover High School, being a member of the Board of Education for 25 years, a number of which he was the president of the Board. He had been a trustee of Andover Free Library since its organization and for a number of years prior to his passing had been treasurer of the association. He was also on the board of directors of the Andover National Bank and secretary of the Allegany Mutual Telephone company at the time of his death.

In fraternal life he had been most active in the Masonic order, having given unstintingly of his time and ability to all branches of the order. He was a Past master of Andover Lodge No. 558, a Past Worthy Matron of Anna McArthur Chapter, O.E.S., a Past District Deputy of Allegany District, a member of the Corning Consistory, the Wellsville Chapter, Hornell Commandery, the Allegany County Past Masters Association and the Allegany Past and Prest Matrons and Patrons Association. About two years ago he was presented an honorary medal in recognition of 50 years of active service in the Masonic order, an honor which has been received by only two others in Andover lodge, E. F. Stearns and George H. Beebe. He was also an honorary member of the Odd Fellows and had been record keeper of the Maccabees for a number of years.

Children, surname *Brundage* by Jennie Williamson: 1. *Lou*, b. 1885; d. 1886. 2. *Robert L.*, b. Greenwood, NY 29 March 1888; d. 10 Dec 1940; bur. Valley Brook Cemetery, Andover, NY; m. Woodhull, Steuben Co., NY 2 Jan 1911 Daisy Edwards, b. 1889, 23 March 1931, dau. of M.G. Edwards.

Child, surname *Brundage*, by Sophia McLoughlin: 3. *Benjamin M. "Max,"* b. NJ 7 April 1898; m. Baird, TX 5 Aug 1918 Charity Dunlap; d. Abilene, TX 27 Feb 1970; bur. Greenwood Cemetery, Fort Worth, TX; resided in Hamlin, TX in 1939.

- iv. JESSIE, b. 31 Oct 1864; d. St. James Mercy Hospital, Hornell, Steuben Co., NY 19 Feb 1939; m. at her parents' home in Greenwood, NY on 29 May 1887 ALONZO "LON" M. GROFF, b. Bristol, Ontario Co., NY 13 Feb 1863, d. 5 South Elm St., Canisteo, NY 4 April 1944 at 2:00 p.m., son of John and Amanda (Whiteman) Groff of Canisteo; both bur. Woodlawn, Canisteo,

Steuben Co., NY; resided in Greenwood for three years following marriage, then at 5 South Elm Street in Canisteo; member of the First Presbyterian Church and Greenwood Street Tens in Canisteo, NY (*obituary*). In 1891, Alonzo M. Groff operated a grocery store on Main St. in Greenwood but Alonzo Groff, painter, resided at 58 Maple St. in Canisteo (*Directory of Steuben Co., NY*).

Children, surname *Groff*: 1. *Florence*; b. 6 July 1888; resided in Rochester, NY. 2. *Israel "Rell,"* b. 1 July 1890; k. in a car accident in Portland, OR 1923.

- v. EUGENIA, b. 5 March 1868; d. at 10 Maple St., Andover, Allegany Co., NY 11 Oct 1941; m. Andover, NY 16 Nov 1906 PETER MERRITT SWINK, Andover, NY 24 April 1862, d. Jones Memorial Hospital, Wellsville, Allegany Co., NY 28 Feb 1931, son of Peter M. and Maria (Drake) Swink; both bur. Valley Brook Cemetery, Andover, NY; resided in Ulysses for six years following marriage and then at 10 Maple Street, Andover, NY; she was a seamstress; member of the Andover Presbyterian church and the King's Daughters; no children.

Canisteo—Genie Brundage of Greenwood was a guest of her cousin Frank Brundage, a few days last week (*Canisteo Times* [9 Sep 1886]).

Index

This is a complete every-name index for the entire document; each woman is indexed under her maiden name and her married name(s). A question mark, (?), indicates an unknown maiden name.

Clayton

W. Woodford 16