HENDRICK GULICK OF NEW AMSTERDAM

In the preparation of this chapter I am indebted to Susan K. Amicucci ("Claes Claeszen, Father of Neeltje Claes," New Netherland Connections [April, May, June 1999], Volume 4, Number 2, hereafter Amicucci); Teunis Bergen (Register of the Early Settlers of Kings County, Long Island, New York [1881], hereafter Bergen); David E. Gulick (Gulicks of the U.S.A. [1961], hereafter Gulick); Helen Gulick Huntley (Supplement to Gulicks of the U.S.A. by David E. Gulick with Corrections and Additions [The New York Genealogical and Biographical Society Library [typescript, ca. 1965]; hereafter Huntley); Dorothy Koenig, Editor of New Netherland Connections; Marshall Lake; Gerald James Parsons, FASG ("Additional Data on the Lanen Van Pelts," New Netherland Connections, 5:1 [January-March 2000]; hereafter Parsons), Pam Sears; Fred Sisser III ("Notes to determine identity of the parents of Maria Gulick, the wife of Peter Quick (1707-1769)," hereafter Sisser); David William Voorhees (Records of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of Flatbush, Kings County, New York, Volume 1, 1677-1720 [New York, 1998]; herinafter Voorhees) Mary Ellen White; and others.

1. HENDRICK1 GULICK, immigrated to New Amsterdam, New Netherland [now New York City] before May 1653 but died before 11 September 1653; he was married to GEERTREUT1 WILLEKENS (Jochem) of Hamburg, Germany. Geertruyd probably died before 1678 since she did not appear as a sponsor for any of her grandchildren's baptisms; she may have died as early as 16 January 1665 when she was not identified in a deed executed by her second husband (Amicucci, 31). Geertruyd was married second in 1653, per marriage intentions registered 11 September, to CLAES1 CLAESZEN, a blacksmith or "smit" from Amersfoort in the Netherlands; he died between 24 August 1684 when "Klaas Smit" witnessed the baptism of his grandson, Abraham Goulder, and September 1687, when he did not take the Oath of Allegiance (Amicucci, 31). Geertruyd was the daughter of Jochem4 Willekens.

In 1961, H.L. Kruimel, "keeper" at the Centraal Bureau Voor Genealogie in the Netherlands wrote a letter in response to David E. Gulick's request for research assistance. Gulick published the letter in full in his genealogy. The following excerpt deserves further research:

An other remarkable marriage register is the register No. 460, folio 158, dated December 19th 1643: HEYNDRICK Heyndrix, born at Nes (at Ameland, another island before the Dutch Frisian coast) widower to Jude Lubben, to GEERTIE JOCHEMS, widow to Pieter Janszoon, born at Meldorp. Heyndrick Heyndrix was a sailor as well.
Meldorp is now known as Meldorf. Meldorf lies just inland from the North Frisian Islands; about 50 miles northeast of Hamburg, Germany. Hamburg is still the largest city within a 100-mile radius from Meldorf.

Hendrick Gulick... came to New Amsterdam as early as 1653. There are two pieces of evidence that support 1653 as the year of immigration. First, Hendrick Gulick sponsored the baptism of Cornelis, the son of Lucas Dirkszen, in New Amsterdam in May of that year (Baptisms from 1639 to 1730 in the Reformed Dutch Church of New Amsterdam and New York, Thomas Grier Evans, ed., p. 34). Second, Jochem Gulick, the son of Geertruyd Willekens and Hendrick Gulick, had been in the colony 34 years when he took the Oath of Allegiance in 1687 (Documentary History of the State of New York, b. E.B. O'Callaghan, vol. 1, p. 661). (Amicucci, 29)

Hendrick Gulick, Willem Beecker and Marritie Corne served as sponsors for the baptism of Cornelis, son of Lucas Dirckszen on 11 May 1653 (Theodore Brassard, Baptisms at the Reformed Dutch Church of New Amsterdam (1639-1730), <http://www.altlaw.com/edball/dutchbap.htm#1653>).

Hendrick Gulick died shortly after his arrival in New Amsterdam, when his widow married Claes Claeszen:


By 1655 Claes Claeszen and Geertruyd Willekens were living within the city of New Amsterdam, along the Waterside near the anchorage ground. Their house was located on modern day Pearl Street near Hanover Square, just below Wall Street. Claes Claeszen rented his house, garden, and orchard from Andries Jochemsen who owned three adjoining houses which were built by Claes Hendricksen, master carpenter (Amicucci, 30).

Andries Jochemsen was a Dutchman with no apparent relationship to Geertruyd:

Geertruyd Willekens came from Hamburg in Germany. She appears in the records only twice; the first with her marriage to Claes Claeszen in 1653 and the second as a passenger on the Faith (De Trouw) which sailed to New Amsterdam from the Netherlands in Feb. 1659 (New World Immigrants by Michael Tepper, vol. I, p. 173). Here her name is given as Geertruyt Jochems. Jochems is probably her patronymic, therefore we may assume that she is the daughter of a Jochem Willekens. According to Tepper, Geertruyd travelled with two children, ages 4 1/2 and 7 years (Amicucci, 29).

Neeltje Claes is the only known child of Claes Claeszen and Geertruyd Willekens. Neeltje was baptized on 21 March 1655, and therefore she must have been the 4 1/2 year old child who accompanied Geertruyd Willekens on the Faith. (Amicucci, 30)
If we assume that Jochem Gulick was the seven-year-old child who travelled with Geertruyd on the Faith, this places his year of birth around 1652. Since Jochem was named after his maternal grandfather it is likely there was another son, older than Jochem, who would have been named after the paternal grandfather. This older son may have been Jan Gulick, of Gravesend; however there is no evidence to confirm this relationship. (Amicucci, 29).

Mr. Robert Bayles compiled the original Gulick history, so far as known... Bayles comes to the conclusion that Jan Gulick and Jochem Gulick were sons of Hendrick and all three came to New Netherlands in 1653 with the mother of Jan and Jochem. Mr. Bayles does not give sufficient proof that Jan was a brother to Jochem or son of Hendrick, but seems to base his theory on the fact that he lived on Long Island at the same period as Jochem. (Huntley, III)

Thus, if Hendrick Gulick and Geertruyd Willekens had an an older son, Jan/John, he would have had to have been sufficiently older than Jochem to survive elsewhere while his mother was making trans-Atlantic voyages.

On 16 January 1657, Jacques Cortelyou was granted permission to begin a settlement at New Utrecht on Long Island. Claes Claeszen was among the first settlers of the village... on 16 January 1665, Claes Claesz sold all the land contained in his patent to Balthazar Vosch... Claes Claeszen must have sold all his interests in New Utrecht prior to 1675, since he does not appear on the rateables for that year... After 1677 Claes Claeszen disappeared from New Utrect records, as well as the records pertaining to the surrounding villages of Gravesend and Flatbush. It is possible that he moved away from the area altogether, or more likely he resided with his daughter and her family in Gravesend. (Amicucci, 31).

As will be shown below, Jochem Gulick settled in Gravesend in 1676. Perhaps he was also influenced to settle there in order to be closer to his half-sister and step-father.

Children of Hendrick Gulick and Geertruyd Willekens:

1. (doubtful) JAN, if he existed, before ca. 1652; possibly named in honor of his paternal grandfather. He is assumed to be identical with John Gulick of Gravesend, Kings Co., NY. However, it is also possible that Bergen or an intermediate secondary source made an error in transcribing John for Jochem from the original 1693 deed cited below. There are many records of Jochem Gulick at Gravesend but just one for John Gulick. On the other hand, it is also possible that Jan/John may have sold land at Gravesend after intending to settle there but never actually doing so.

It is believed he was a Mechanic and helped to build a Dutch Church in Haarlem, N.Y. He was given one payment of 1-pound, 4-sh, 0-p. There is a record of a Deed conveying land at Gravesend, L.I. to Johannes Brower from John Gulick (believed to be Jan (John) Gulick [sic, close parentheses here]. Excise Acct., Jan 16 to July 22, 1667, p. 247 Ch. Rec. N.A., Dec. 20, 1665 p. 248-270. Nothing further is known
of him. (Gulick, 1, apparently citing Church Records from the New Amsterdam (New York) RDC for the first claim)

July 26, 1693, Johannes Brouwer of G³ (sup. to be the Johannes of Fld³) sold Stoffel Langestraat his house and garden-spot in G⁴ which he bought of John Gulick, and also lot No. 27 on Gisbert's I., which he bought of Hendrick Van Pelt of N.U. (New Utrecht). (Bergen, 53).

2. ii. JOCHEM, named in honor of maternal grandfather; b. ca. 1652; m. JACOMYNTJE² VAN PELT.

Child of Claes¹ Claeszen and Geertruyd (Willekens) Gulick:

iii. NEELTJE, identified as "Ellinour Goulding" in her husband's will; bapt. 21 March 1655; "Elmer Huysen, Andries Roos, and Catryn Borgers were sponsors at Neeltje's baptism," (Amicucci, 30); d., possibly before 10 January 1699 when her second husband sold his meadow lot in Gravesend without her name on the deed, but certainly before he wrote his will on 4 May 1723 referring to "my Loveing wife Mayke" (Amicucci, 32); m. (1) before 1 April 1674 JOSEPH² GOULDER (William¹), b. ca. 1654, d. between 16 Feb 1683 and 1 April 1684, son of William¹ and Anne (Smith) Goulder of Gravesend (Amicucci, 32); m. (2) before 16 April 1688 JOHN³ LAKE (John², Richard¹), d. after 4 May 1723 but before 17 May 1729 when his will was proved, son of John² and Ann (Spicer) Lake of Gravesend (Amicucci, 32), he m. before 4 May 1723 (2) MAYKE __.


Children, surname Lake (Amicucci, 32): 6. Jan, named in honor of father and paternal grandfather; bapt. 16 April 1688, sponsors Willem² Willemsen (Willem¹ Gerritsen) and his wife, Mayken² Pieters Wyckoff (Pieter¹ Claesen); d. New Brunswick, Middlesex Co., NJ; will proved 6 May 1754; m. Martinah __. 7. Thomas, b. ca. 1690; d. Amwell Township, Hunterdon Co., NJ 19 Oct 1765; m. [Jannetie Stryker, dau. of Garret Stryker and Wyntje Cornelise Boomgard]. 8. Nicholas, named in honor of maternal grandfather; b. ca. 1692; d. Somerset Co. NJ 8 Oct 1773; m. Mary/Maria Johnson, b. New Utrecht, Kings Co., NY ca. 1696, d. White Creek, Albany Co., NY 1783, dau. of Hendrick Janszen and Mary Mynderts. 9. Mary, b. ca. 1694; d. Amentien, Hunterdon Co., NJ 1760; m. Cornelius Reinerse Van Sicklen, son of Reinier Van Sicklen and Janntje Van Hooren. 10. Daniel, bapt. April 1696; d. Gravesend 11 April 1776; m. Elizabeth
Van Sutphen, b. 6 April 199; d. 1 Aug 1766, dau. of Derick Janse Van Sutphen and Elizabeth Janse.

2. JOCHEM² GULICK (Hendrick¹), son of Hendrick² Gulick and Geertruyt Willekens was born circa 1652; he died in Gravesend, Kings County, New York, probably shortly after 20 December 1711 when he made his will "very sick" but certainly and before 26 August 1723 when it was proved; he was married circa 1676 or earlier to JACOMYNTJE² TEUNISSE "Jaquymentie" VAN PELT (Tennis Jansen¹, Jan⁰, Barthomeus⁰, Jan⁰), daughter of Anthonius¹ "Tennis" Jansen Lanen van Pelt and Grietje Jans. Jacomyntje probably died before 19 December 1719 when a granddaughter, Jacomyntie/Jemima⁴ Gulick (Pieter³, Jochem², Hendrick¹), was born and named in her honor before the girl's maternal grandmother had been honored. For more information on the Lanen Van Pelt family, see New Netherland Connections 4:1 and 5:1.

Jacomyntje was sometimes identified as Magdalena:

She [Jacomyntje] appears as Magdalena Teunis (403), as Jacamijntie theunesse (441); and record on p. 437 has Jacomina van Pelt with Jacomina crossed out and Magdalena written above. She was called Jacomyntie in the 1700 deed and in the will of her husband. (Parsons, footnote on p. 16, citing Voorhees)

One wonders if the clergyman originally recording these events confused Jacomyntje with Magdalena Joosten, the wife of her brother, Anthony Teunissen [Lanen Van Pelt]; they were married before 1679 and resided in New Utrecht (Parsons, 15).

As shown above, Jochem's half-sister, and perhaps his step-father, were already residing in Gravesend in 1676 when Jochem settled there:

1676, 3rd of 6 mo., Ann Wilkins [sic, Wilkins] leases to Yoricum Goilippe [Guilluk] [sic, Jochem Gulick] her dwelling house and land, in Gravesend, with the meadow attached thereto, excepting only "ye Seller Neck & Mill meadows," for three years, etc. (John E. Stillwell, M.D., The History of Lieutenant Nicholas Stillwell Progenitor of the Stillwell Family in America with Some Notices of the Family in the Kingdom of Great Britain, [New York City, 1929])

After his three-year lease expired in 1679, Jochem probably purchased property in Gravesend for in 1680, "Yacum Goycliffe" was elected an overseer at Gravesend (Bergen, 124).

On 1 January 1681, an un-named child was baptized at [New] Utrecht with parents "Joachim Gulick" and "Magdalen [sic] Teunis" and witnesses "Grietje Jans and Wouter Teunis Van Pelt," (Voorhees, 403). With maternal grandmother Grietje Jans serving as a witness, daughter Grietje would be a likely match; however, Grietje's husband, Cornelis³ Williamson (Willem² Willemsen, Willem¹ Gerritsen), was born circa 1687 and certainly no earlier than 16 April 1682, when his next elder brother was baptized.

In 1683, "An Acco' from Grauesend of Yc Persons Lands and Cattles Rateable According to Yc Law" was taken by Constable "Wm Williamson" [Willem² Willemsen (Willem¹ Gerritsen)]. "Yawcum Gojcliff" was assessed 0£-8s.-2½d for cattle, 1 horse, "25 acors of land" and 1 person (DHNY, 2:508-511).

In 1684, "Yawcum Goylliff" was appointed a guardian for the children of his half-sister, Neeltje Claes, following the death of her first husband, Joseph Goulder. The other guardians appointed were Joseph's brother William and Jan Hansen. (Amicucci, 32).
On 13 June 1685, "Joykkim Gulick" and "Jacamyt Theunnes" served as witnesses for the baptism of Grietie in the Flatbush RDC, a child of Jacomyntje's brother Anthony Theunissen Van Pelt and his wife, Maghdalena Jos (Van Cleef, Protestant Church of Flatbush, Kings Co., N.Y., Vol 1 1677-1720, Family History Library Film 0017663)

In 1687, Jochem Gulick stated that he had been in the colony 34 years when he took the Oath of Allegiance (E.B. O'Callaghan, Documentary History of the State of New York, vol. 1, p. 661).


Given the many associations between the Gulick and Griggs families of Gravesend, it is not surprising that their descendants intermarried:


On 27 September 1697, Martin² Pietersen Wyckoff (Pieter¹ Claesen) made his brother, Claes Wyckoff, Willem Willemsen and Jochem Gulick joint executors of his will and guardians of his children. Martin had married Hannah² Willems (Willem¹ Gerritsen); Willem² Willemsen (Willem¹ Gerritsen) was Martin's double brother-in-law because Willem had married Martin's sister, Mayken² Pieters Wyckoff (Pieter¹ Claesen).

When excerpted incompletely, this erroneous reference to "Johanes Guylick of Gravesend" may explain why some researchers have identified Jan/John as a brother to Jochem:

In God's name, Amen. Know ye that I, Marten Peterse Wyckoff, living at Gravesend, in Kings County, yeoman, being in perfect memory. I appoint my loving friends Claas Wyckoff of Amersford, William Willemsen and Johannes Guylick [sic, Jochem Gulick per witnesses listed below] of Gravesend to whom I put this confidence to be my full and sole executors and overseers of my children. (New York Surrogate. Wills. Liber 7-449).
Know all men by these presents Thatt wee William Williamsn, Claes petersen wykoff, and Yockem Gulick, the Trusties of ye Estate and for the children of Martten petersn Deceased Living att Gravesend in King County on the Island nassow in the Provonce of New York... Wittness our hands this nineteenth Day off June 1699: William Williamsn, the mark of Claes T. Wykoff, Jochem Guilyk. (Gravesend Patents, Deeds, 1645-1701, VI: 239) (The Washington Ancestry and Records of the McClain, Johnson, and Forty Other Colonial American Families, Vol. 3, 16).

Reinier Ferdinandese of Gd.. Apr. 15, 1698, he bought of Wm Wilkins for £185 20 A. and some smaller plots in Gd. He also bought of Jochem Gulick, John Griggs, and Sam' Gerritsen of Gd for £198 all their right in the mill standing on the Storm or Stroom Kil at Hugh Gerretsens so-called with the dam and all the property and right belonging to said mill... (Bergen, 362)

In 1698, the King County Census was taken as "A list of all the freeholders, their wives, children, apprentices, and slaves within the Kings County on Nassau Island." It included the Towns of Brooklyn, Bushwick, Flatbush, Flatlands, Gravesend, and New Utrecht. As the first-named daughter in Jochem’s will (see below), Catalyntje was probably his eldest daughter. This conclusion is supported by the fact that she was probably residing in the neighboring household of her husband, Willem3 Willemse (Willem2, Willem1 Gerritsen) by 1698:

In the town of Gravesend Men-Women-Child-Appr-Slaves
...
   The Widow Strycker       0-1-8-0-1
   Jochem Gulick            1-1-9-0-0
   Willem Willemse          1-1-0-0-0
...

On 25 May 1700, Jochem Gulick was assigned lot 20 as part of the following transaction:

The penny lots of salt meadows in Gd in the "Long Fly and the Cedar Neck, Hugh Gerretsen's and Hog Point," were laid out by Peter Cortelyou May 25, 1700, into 30 lots. (Bergen, 18)

"Jochem Gulick and wife Jacomyntie" were residents of Gravesend, Long Island, where Jochem the elder bought land in 1685, 1693 and 1697, and the couple sold property in 1700.

The Gulicks’ interest in Somerset County was as early as May 1710, when certain men, who owned large tracts of land in the southern part of the County "quit all our Rights" to property which "Jocham Guileck bought of John Harrison"... It is not known if this was Jochem senior or junior, but the younger Jochem was a resident of the area by 1724, when he witnessed a baptism at the New Brunswick Church (Sisser).

On 4 January 1703, Jochem Gulick witnessed a deed by which Barnje Janse of Gravesend sold property to Elias Hubbard, the second husband of Hannah (Willemse) Wyckoff.

The witness, Jochem Gulick, was then the trustee for Jannetie Wyckoff and her sisters, orphaned minor children of Martin Pietersen Wykoff, who left a will making
provision for each of his children (The Washington Ancestry and Records of the McClain, Johnson, and Forty Other Colonial American Families, Vol. 3, 12)


In the name of God, Amen. December 20, 1711. I, Jochem Guylick [sic], of Gravesend, in Kings County, being very sick and weak. I leave to my loving wife Jaquimynite, all my estate of houses, lands, and meadows within the town of Gravesend, with all liberties and privileges, during her natural life, without any interruption or molestation of any person. After her death, my son Johanes shall have all my estate, to him and his heirs and assigns forever. And in consideration thereof he shall well and truly pay to my 8 children, Hendrick, Jochem, Peter, Teunis, Catalynite, Grietie, Gertruyd, and Jaquamuntie, £655, in 5 years after he comes of age. And he shall further pay to my son Hendrick, £7, which is a gift from me for his birthright. And as he hath already received £50 of his portion, my son Johanes shall pay him only £40. And as my son Jochem hath received his full portion, he hath no more to demand. And my son Johanes shall pay to my 4 daughters, each £90. And my son Johanes shall pay to my sons, Peter and Teunis, each £124. If my son Johanes dies without issue, then all of my estate I leave to my son Peter, houses, lands, and meadows, upon the same conditions. If any of my unmarried children shall marry, each is to have a decent setting out, from my estate. I make my wife executor. And I appoint my brother, and my friends, Aert Van Pelt, William Willemsen, and Samuel Gerritsen, guardians and overseers of my wife and children. (Abstracts of Unrecorded Wills, Vol XI, pages 93-4; Surrogates Office, City of New York)

Jochem's will was witnessed by Samuel Hubbard, John Lake, and Nicholas Willemsen; it was proved before Governor William Burnet in New York until 26 August 1723.

Aert Van Pelt and John Lake were Jochem's brothers-in-law. William Willemsen and Samuel Gerritsen were half-brothers to each other; their mother, Mary, was the wife of Willem1 Gerritsen and Gerrit1 Remmersen; two of William Willemsens's sons married two of Jochem's daughters. Nicholas Willemsen was another son of Willem1 Willemsen and Mayke Pieters Wyckoff.

Given the fact that Jochem's unrecorded will was proved on 26 August 1723, the following record is most curious:

Whereas Jochem Guzlick [sic], of Gravesend, died intestate, Letters of Administration are granted to his son, Johannes. [Dated] 4 Sep 1723. (Abstracts of Wills...1708-1723; Collections of the New York Historical Society [1893], Vol. 2, p. 272)

Children, birth order uncertain; in contrast to Gulick, I have ordered them as they were named in their father's will, omitting John and William per Huntley; probably all were born prior to 1698 (Kings County Census).

i. HENDRICK3, named in honor of his paternal grandfather; b. ca. 1677; d. after 1 Oct 1747 when he made his will and before 6 Jan 1758 when his will was proved; received birthright in father's will as the eldest son; m. CATHERINE DERICK
AMERMAN, bapt. 2 April 1677, dau. of Derick Janse Amerman; resided in Monmouth and Somerset Counties, NJ.

Children, perhaps not all by Catherine, birth order uncertain, surname Gulick (Gulick, 5): 1. Jochem, named in honor of paternal grandfather; m. Maria ____. 2. Derrick, named in honor of maternal grandfather; m. Gitty ____. 3. Jacomyntje, named in honor of paternal grandmother; m. Cornelius DeHart. 4. Samuel, named in honor of his paternal uncle who probably died young; b. NJ 23 Feb 1705; bapt. New Amsterdam/New York RDC 23 Sep 1705, witnesses "Jochem Gulick," Coenradis Van der Beek, and "Jacquemynje Gulick"; m. after April 1732 but before 1734 Rensje (Van Sicklen) Gulick, widow of uncle, Johannes Gulick. 5. Aeltie. 6. Catrine, bap. 1 April 1711; m. Isaac Aukebout. 7. Mary, b. 3 May 1713; d. Middletown, NJ before 1775; m. Nicholas Johnson. 8. Gerebrich, b. 1717; m. Hunterdon Co., NJ 12 June 1751 Cornelius Cornell. 9. Hendrick, named in honor of father; b. Hunterdon Co., NJ 1720; m. (1) Sarah ____; m. (2) Femmetje Stellenwert. 10. Peter, b. 1722. 11. Antje/Anna, b. 1724; m. Simon Van Dyke.

ii. Catelyntie; named perhaps in honor of a maternal aunt who died young; b. ca. 1677 or earlier; m. ca. 1677 or earlier; m. ca. 1677-98 Willem3 Willemsen (Willem2, Willem1 Gerritsen), b. ca. 1676 or earlier, eldest son of Willem2 Willemsen and Mayken2 Pieters Wyckoff (Pieter1 Claesen) of Gravesend. She was presumably the woman residing in the childless household of "Willem Willems" at Gravesend in 1698 (Kings County Census); William3 was my direct ancestor; please see the Williamson document at www.perrystreeter.com for more information.

iii. Samuel, bap. Amersfoort 5 April 1685 as the son of Jochem Gulick and "Jacomina Magdalene van Pelt," witnesses "Aard Teunisz van Pelt" and "Jannetje Van Borkelo" (Voorhees, 437); died, probably before 23 Feb 1705 when a son of his brother Henrick, Samuel, was baptized and presumably named in his honor; he was not named in his father's will.

iv. Jochem, named in honor of father; bapt. Flatbush RDC 6 Feb 1687 as the son of "Jochem Geuijlick" and "Jacamijntje Theunesse," witness "Neeltje Jansen van Tuijl"; d. probably after 1756; m. by 1709 Geertje Janse; executor to his brother Johannes's will in 1731 (Sisser).

Children, surname Gulick (Sisser; Gulick, 87): 1. Jochem, named in honor of paternal grandfather and father; b. ca. 1710; d. Somerset Co., NJ after 11 Nov 1779 when he made his will and before 24 July 1784 when his will was proven; m. Cornelia Vanderberg; Capt. in American Revolution; no children. 2. Maria, b. ca. 1712; d. after 11 Nove 1779; m. Peter Quick; d. between 22 Oct 1768 and 23 Feb 1769. 3. Jacob, b. ca. 1714; d. 20 Sep 1793; m. Maria Van Arsdale 4. Jacomyntje, "Commentia," named in honor of paternal grandmother; b. ca. 1716; m. (1) Adrien Hoagland, son of Hendrick Dirck Jansen Hoagland of Flatbush and Sarah Schenck (Adrian Ryerse, ...); m. (2) Somerset Co., NJ by banns dated 30 August 1742 Garret Hogeland, d. 8 Jan 1771, son of Harmanus Hooglandt and Adrianna Stoothoff. 5. Catherine/Catalyntje, b. ca. 1718; d. after 1779; m. Cornelius Van Arsdale. 6. Samuel, named in honor of his paternal uncle who probably died young; b. ca. 1720. 7. Johannes, b. ca. 1722; possibly a twin of Samuel.

v. Peter, b. Gravesend 4 Sep 1689; bapt. 22 Sep 1689 as "Pieter," son of "Jochem Guijlick" and "Jacamijntje Theunesen," witnesses "Jan Thuenedsen" and...
"Elijsebet Thuenesen" (Voorhees, 446); d. Somerset Co., NJ 4 Dec 1774 "age 85; m. 25 Oct 1718 EVa VAN SICKLEN (Ferdinandus²¹²), dau. of Ferdinandus² Sickelen and Gertruy Johannes of Gravesend; his plantation lay "along the post road leading from Princeton to New Brunswick."


vi. Grietje, named in honor of her maternal grandmother; m. Cornelis³ Willem森 (Willem², Willem¹ Gerritsen), b. ca. 1687, third son of Willem² Willemsen and Mayken⁶ Pieters Wyckoff (Pieter Clasen) of Gravesend.

vii. Teunis, named in honor of maternal grandfather; named in father's will but no further records found.

viii. Gertruyd, named in honor of her paternal grandmother.


Children, surname Griggs, included: 1. Catherine, m. Peter⁴ Williamson (William³, Willem² Willemsen, Willem¹ Gerritsen), son of William¹ Williamson; please see the Williamson document at www.perrystreeter.com for more information.

x. Johannes, not yet "of age" in 1711; d. Rocky Hill, Somerset Co., NJ between 24 March 1731 when he made his will and April 1732 when an inventory of estate was taken; m. Rensje³ "Remie" "RENIGE" "RANTSHA" VAN SICKLEN (Ferdinandus²), Rensje being a diminutive of Laurens, the feminine form of Laurens, dau. of Ferdinandus² Sickelen and Gertruy Johannes of Gravesend; Gertruy was the dau. of Minne Johannes and Rensie Feddans. Rensje m. (2) after April 1732 but before 1734 her husband's nephew, Samuel⁵ Gulick (Hendrick³, Jochem², Hendrick¹).

of paternal grandmother; d. before 1751; m. Barrent⁵ Griggs (Benjamin⁴, John³-²-¹),
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This is a complete every-name index for the entire document; each woman is indexed under her maiden name and her married name(s). A question mark, (?), indicates an unknown maiden name.